

**Kawasaki Robot  
R Series**

**Installation and  
Connection Manual**

**Robot**

Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd.

## Preface

This manual describes installation and connection procedures for Kawasaki Robot R Series.

Be sure to fully understand the content of this manual and pay attention to the safety items in this manual and the separate "Safety Manual" when performing an operation. Note that this manual only provides descriptions of the installation and connection procedures for the arm. Also see the "Installation and Connection Manual" for the controller and "Installation and Connection Manual (Arc Welding Edition)" for the arc welding robot.

Again, do not perform any kind of work until you fully understand all of the contents of this manual. Also, Kawasaki is not responsible for damages or problems that occur as a result of performing work after referring to specific pages only.

This manual is applicable to the following robot arms.


RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L, RS006L, RA006L, RS010N,  
RA010N, RS010L, RA010L, RS015X, RS020N, RA020N, RS030N,  
RS050N, RS080N, RD080N

- 
1. This manual does not constitute a guarantee of the systems in which the robot is utilized. Accordingly, Kawasaki is not responsible for any accidents, damages, and/or problems relating to industrial property rights as a result of using the system.
  2. It is recommended that all personnel assigned for activation of operation, teaching, maintenance or inspection of the robot attend the necessary education/training course(s) prepared by Kawasaki, before assuming their responsibilities.
  3. Kawasaki reserves the right to change, revise, or update this manual without prior notice.
  4. This manual may not, in whole or in part, be reprinted or copied without the prior written consent of Kawasaki.
  5. Store this manual with care and keep it available for use at any time. If the robot is reinstalled or moved to a different site or sold off to a different user, attach this manual to the robot without fail. In the event the manual is lost or damaged severely, contact Kawasaki.
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## Symbols

The items that require special attention in this manual are designated with the following symbols.

Ensure proper and safe operation of the robot and prevent physical injury or property damages by complying with the safety matters given in the boxes with these symbols.

 **DANGER**

**Failure to comply with indicated matters can result in imminent injury or death.**

 **WARNING**


**Failure to comply with indicated matters may possibly lead to injury or death.**

 **CAUTION**

**Failure to comply with indicated matters may lead to physical injury and/or mechanical damage.**

**[NOTE]**

Denotes precautions regarding robot specification, handling, teaching, operation, and maintenance.

 **WARNING**

- 1. The accuracy and effectiveness of the diagrams, procedures, and detail explanations given in this manual cannot be confirmed with absolute certainty. Accordingly, it is necessary to give one's fullest attention when using this manual to perform any work.**
- 2. Safety related contents described in this manual apply to each individual work and not to all robot work. In order to perform every work in safety, read and fully understand the "Safety Manual", all pertinent laws, regulations and related materials as well as all the safety explanation described in each chapter, and prepare safety measures suitable for actual work.**

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## 1 Precautions

### 1.1 Precautions During Transportation, Installation and Storage

When transporting the Kawasaki Robot to its installation site, strictly observe the following cautions.



#### WARNING

1. When the robot arm is to be transported by using a crane or forklift, never support the robot arm manually.
2. During transportation, never climb on the robot arm or stay under the hoisted robot arm.
3. Prior to installation, turn OFF the controller power switch and the external power switch for shutting down power supply to the controller. Display signs indicating clearly “Inspection and maintenance is in progress,” and lock out/tag out the external power switch to prevent accidents of electric shock etc. caused when someone accidentally turns ON the power.
4. Prior to moving robot, ensure safety by first confirming no abnormality is observed in installing condition, etc., and then turn ON motor power to set robot to the desired pose. Be careful not to be caught by/between any moving parts due to careless approach to robot and peripheral equipment. After setting robot to the specified pose, turn OFF the controller power and the external power switch again as mentioned above. Display signs indicating clearly “Inspection and maintenance is in progress,” and lock out/tag out the external power switch before starting installation and connection.



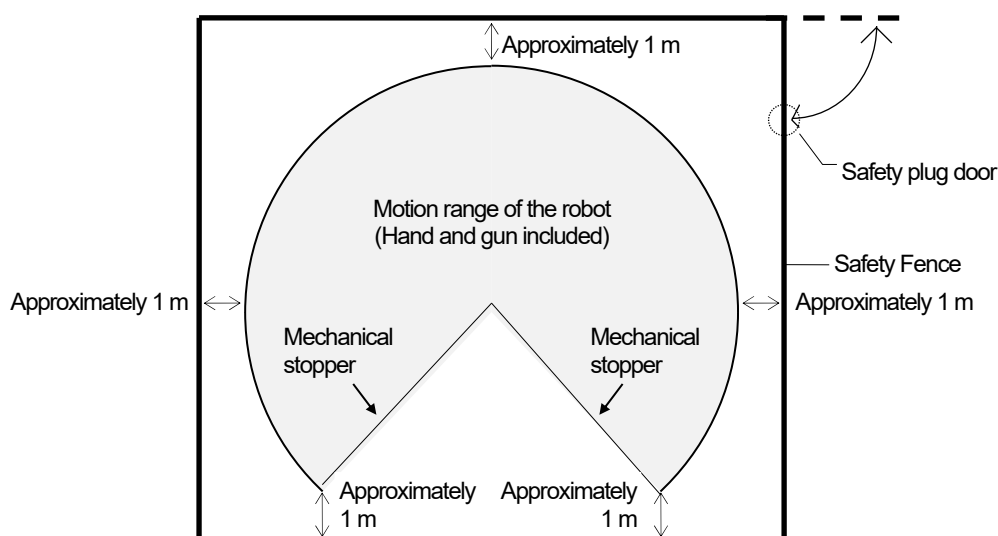
#### CAUTION

1. Since the robot arm is composed of precision parts, be careful not to apply excessive shocks or vibrations during transportation.
2. Prior to installation, remove all obstacles so the installation is carried out smoothly and safely. Clear a passage to the installation area for transportation of the robot arm using a crane or forklift.
3. During transportation and storage,
  - (1) Keep the ambient temperature within the range of -10 to 60°C,
  - (2) Keep the relative humidity within the range of 35 to 85% RH without dew condensation,
  - (3) Keep free from excessively strong vibration.

## 1.2 Installation Environment

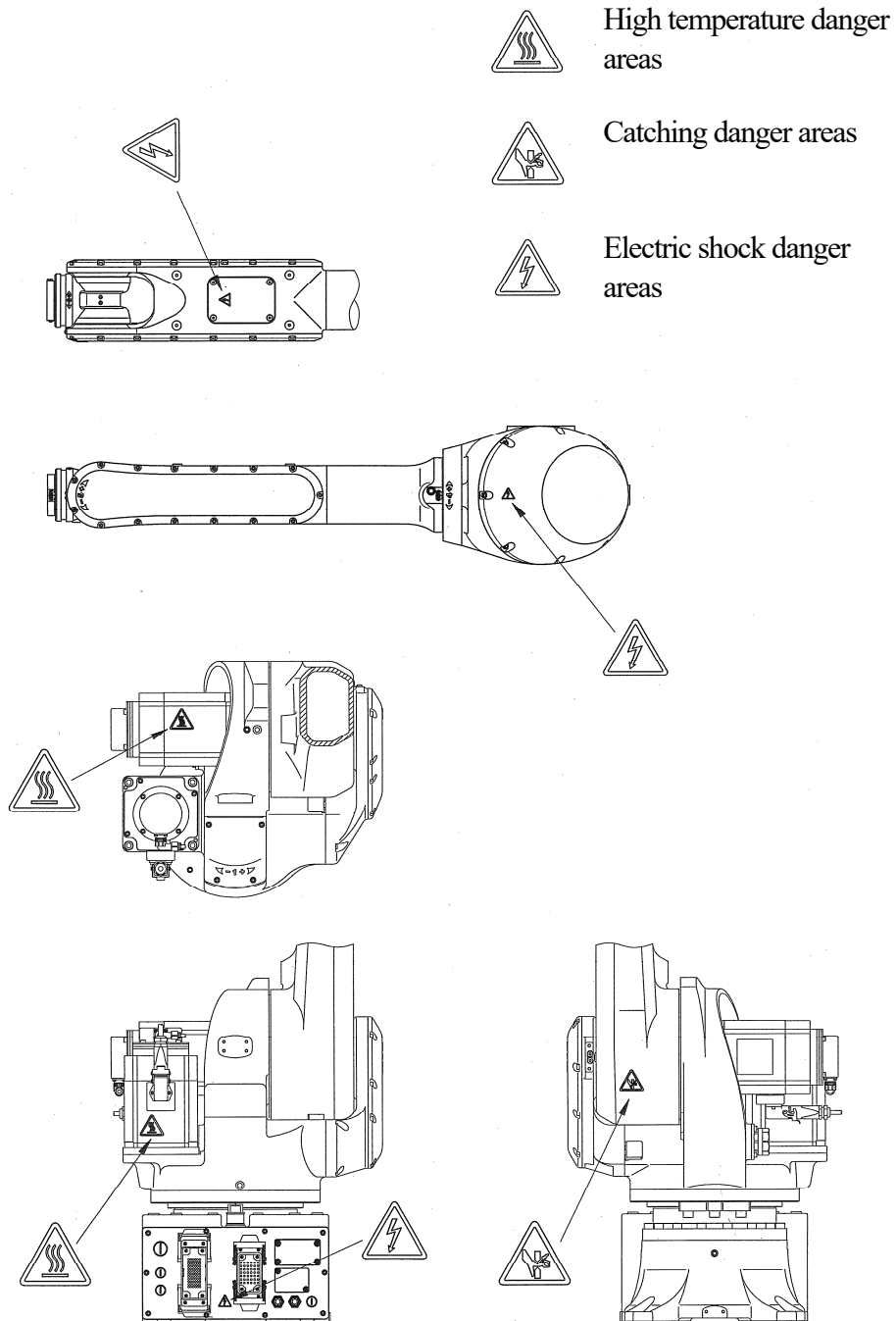
The robot arm must be installed in a place that satisfies all the following environmental conditions:

1. When robot is installed on the floor, the levelness must be within  $\pm 5^\circ$ .
2. Be sure that the installation floor/pedestal has sufficient rigidity.
3. Secure a flatness to prevent undue force applied to the installation section. (If sufficient flatness is unobtainable, insert liners and adjust the flatness.)
4. Keep the ambient temperature during operation within the range of 0 to 45°C. (Deviation or overload error may occur due to high viscosity of grease/oil when starting operation at low temperatures. In this case, move the robot at low speed before regular operation.)
5. Keep the relative humidity during operation within the range of 35 to 85% RH without dew condensation.
6. The robot installing place should be free from dust, dirt, oil, smoke, water, and other foreign matters.
7. The robot installing place should be free from flammable or corrosive liquid or gas.
8. The robot installing place should be free from excessively strong vibration. (0.5 G or less)
9. The robot installing place should be free from electric noise interference.
10. The robot installing place should be sufficiently larger than the motion range of robot arm.
  - (1) Install safety fence so the maximum movement of fully equipped robot arm (with hand and gun) does not cause interference.
  - (2) Minimize the number of entrance gates (only one is best) and equip the entrance gate with a safety plug.
  - (3) Observe the requirements of ISO 10218, etc. established in each region for details of the safety fence.



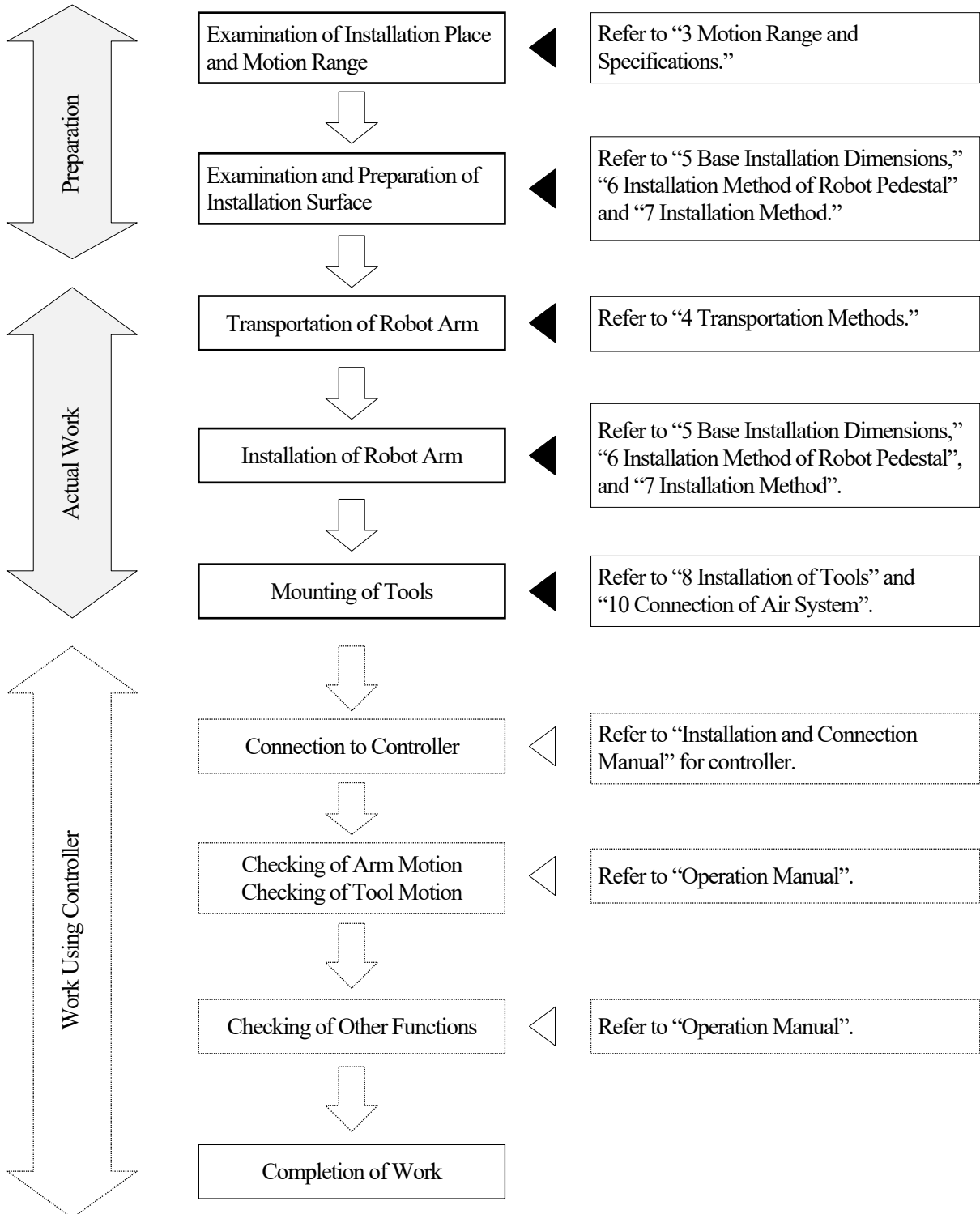
### 1.3 Residual Risk When Operating

**! WARNING**  
Pay attention to the residual risk areas described in the figures below during operation.



## 2 Arm Installation and Connection Work Flow

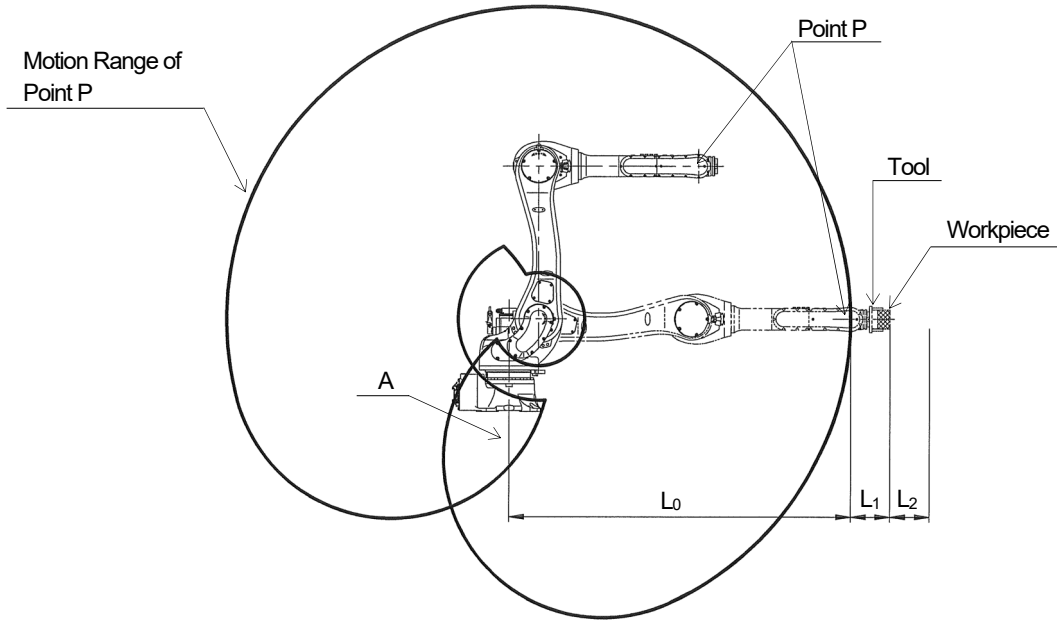
This workflow describes only the robot arm section. For the controller, refer to “Installation and Connection Manual” for controller.



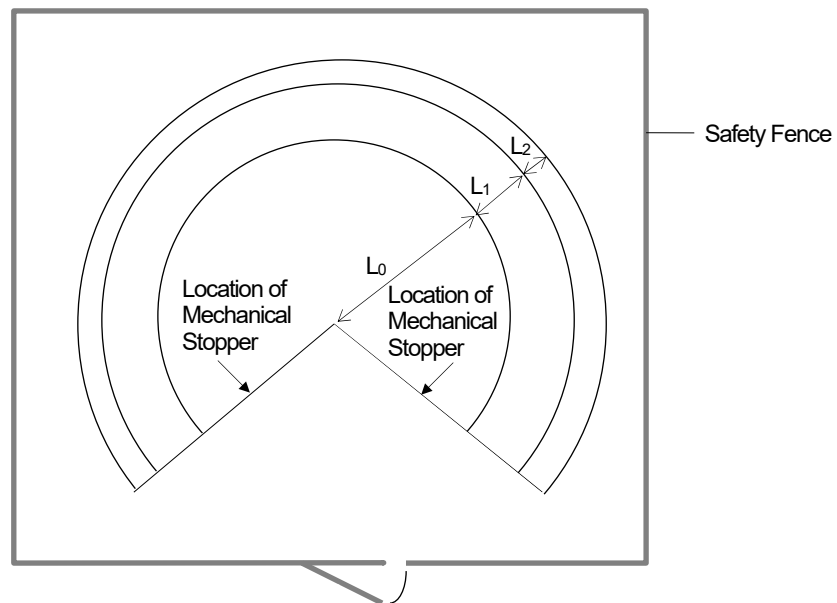


### 3 Motion Range and Specifications

#### 3.1 Determination of Safety Fence Installation Location from Motion Range

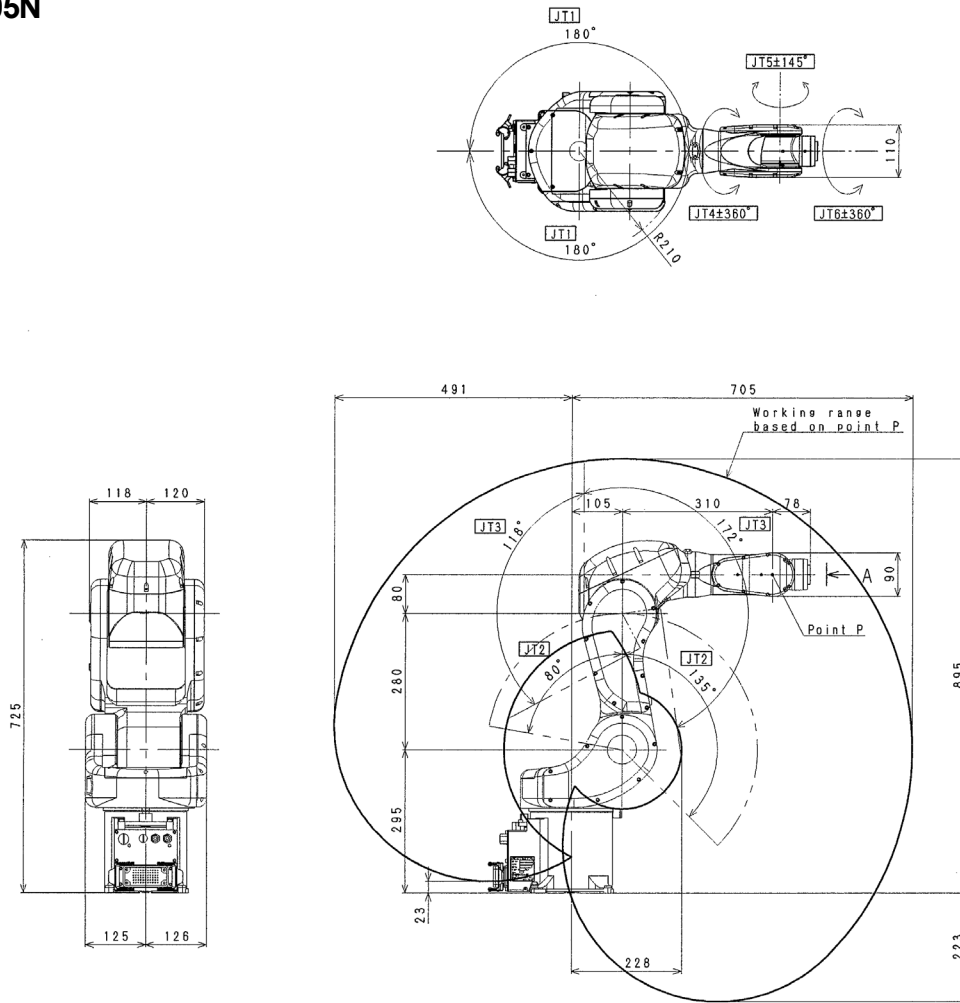


The motion range of the robot is represented by the maximum area that can be covered by point P in the figure above. Therefore, as shown in the figure below, install the safety fence outside circle whose radius is  $L_0+L_1+L_2$ . Where;  $L_0$  is the length from the center line of arm (point A shown above) to the farthest point of P,  $L_1$  is the length from point P to the farthest point of wrist flange, tool and workpiece, and  $L_2$  is safety margin. For the length of  $L_0$ , refer to the drawings in “3.2 Motion Range and Specifications.”



### 3.2 Motion Range and Specifications

#### RS005N

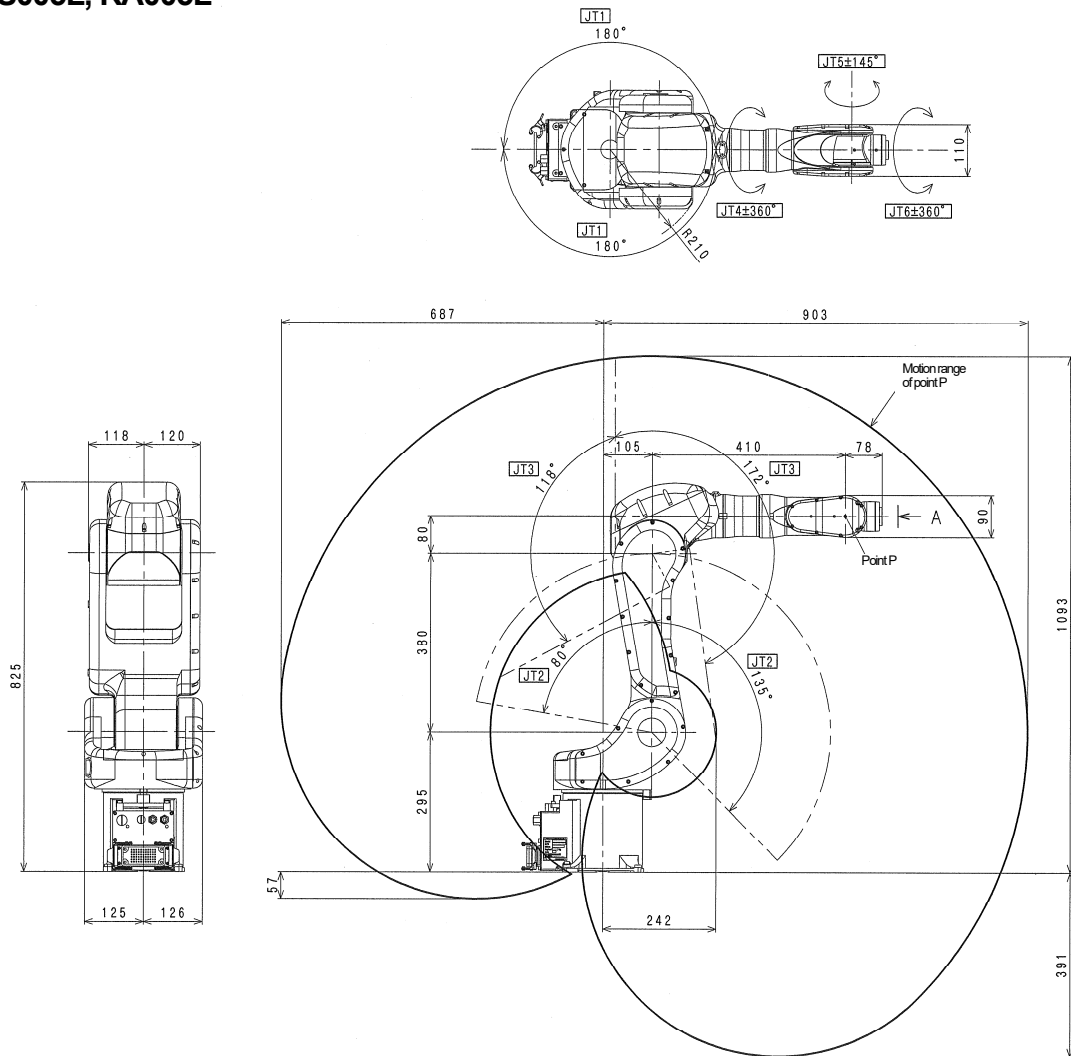


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	360°/s
	2	+135° to -80°	360°/s
	3	+118° to -172°	410°/s
	4	±360°	460°/s
	5	±145°	460°/s
6	±360°	740°/s	
Max. Payload	5 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	6	7 N·m	0.12 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.02 mm		
Mass	34 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)* <sup>1</sup>		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 2,000 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS005L, RA005L**

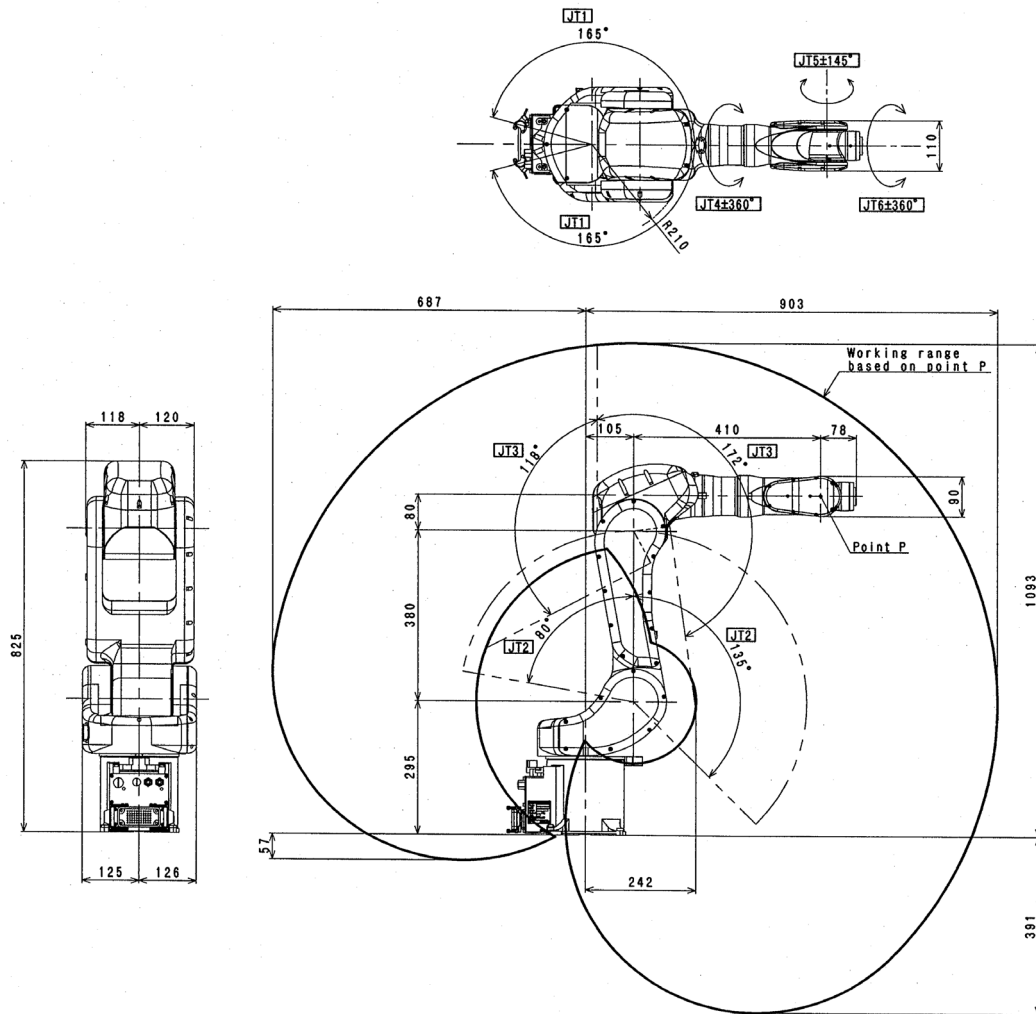


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	300°/s
	2	+135° to -80°	300°/s
	3	+118° to -172°	300°/s
	4	±360°	460°/s
	5	±145°	460°/s
Max. Payload	5 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	7 N·m	0.12 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.03 mm		
Mass	37 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)*1		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 2,200 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RC005L**

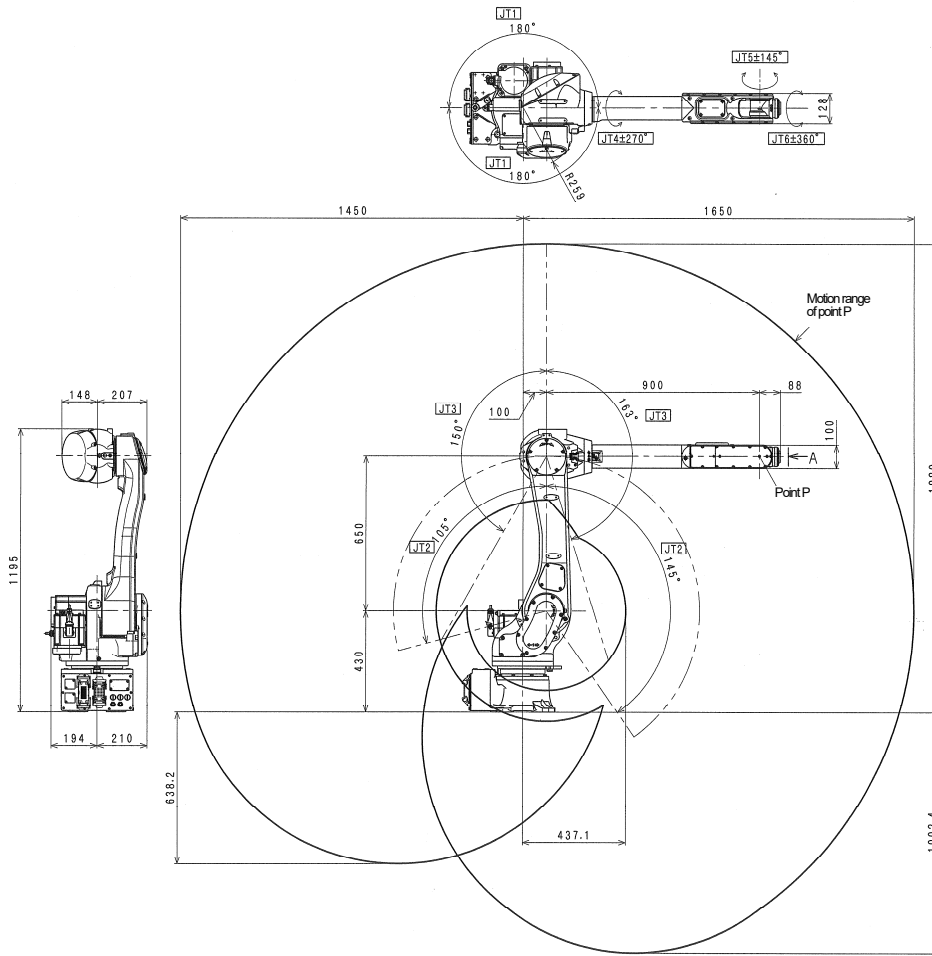


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±165°	300°/s
	2	+135° to -80°	300°/s
	3	+118° to -172°	300°/s
	4	±360°	460°/s
	5	±145°	460°/s
6	±360°	740°/s	
Max. Payload	5 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	12.3 N·m	0.4 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	7 N·m	0.12 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.03 mm		
Mass	37 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)*1		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 2,200 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS006L, RA006L**

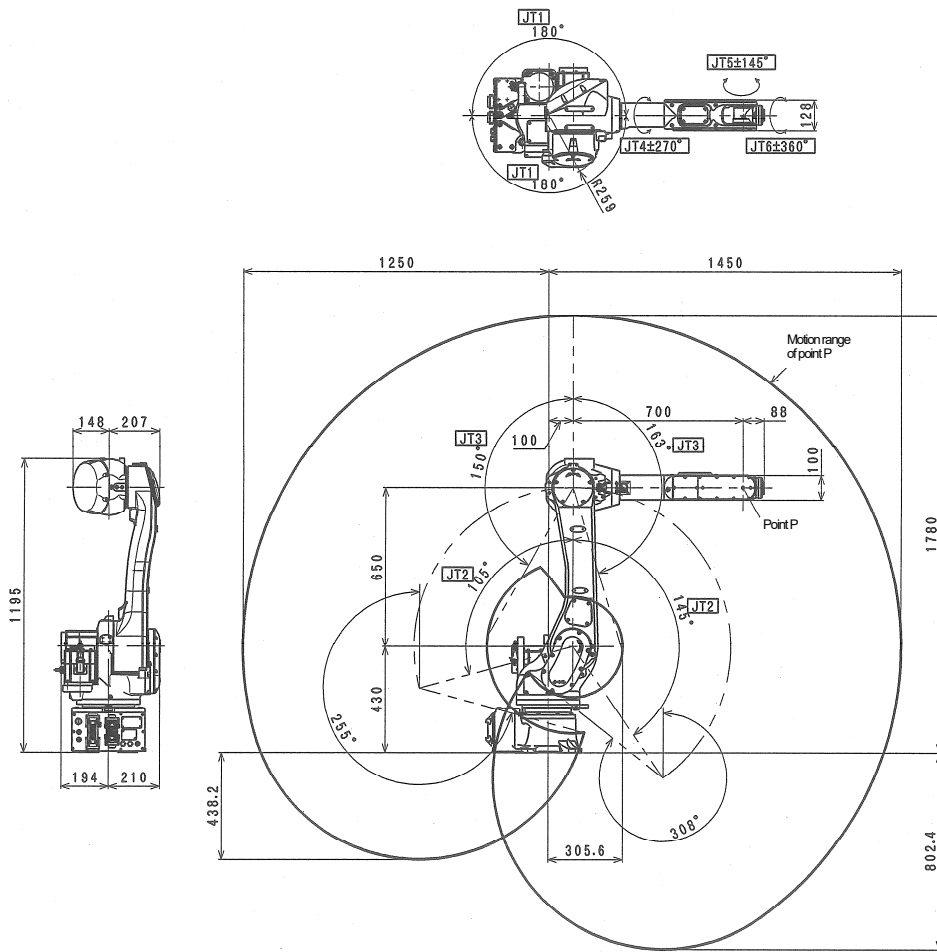


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	250°/s
	2	+145° to -105°	250°/s
	3	+150° to -163°	215°/s
	4	±270°	365°/s
	5	±145°	380°/s
6	±360°	700°/s	
Max. Payload	6 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	13 N·m	0.45 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	13 N·m	0.45 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	7.5 N·m	0.14 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.03 mm		
Mass	150 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)*1		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 2,900 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS010N, RA010N**

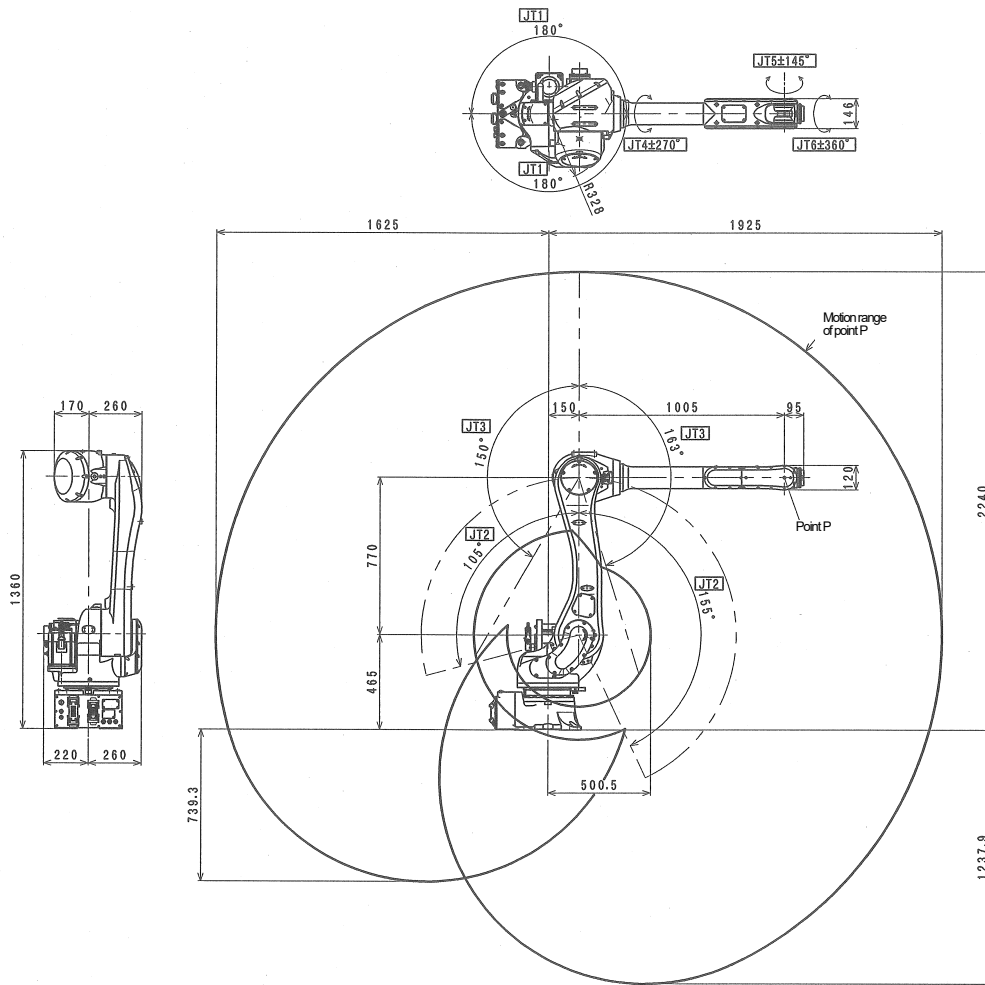


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	250°/s
	2	+145° to -105°	250°/s
	3	+150° to -163°	215°/s
	4	±270°	365°/s
	5	±145°	380°/s
6	±360°	700°/s	
Max. Payload	10 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	22 N·m	0.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	22 N·m	0.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	10 N·m	0.2 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.03 mm		
Mass	150 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A) <sup>*1</sup>		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 2,700 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS010L, RA010L**

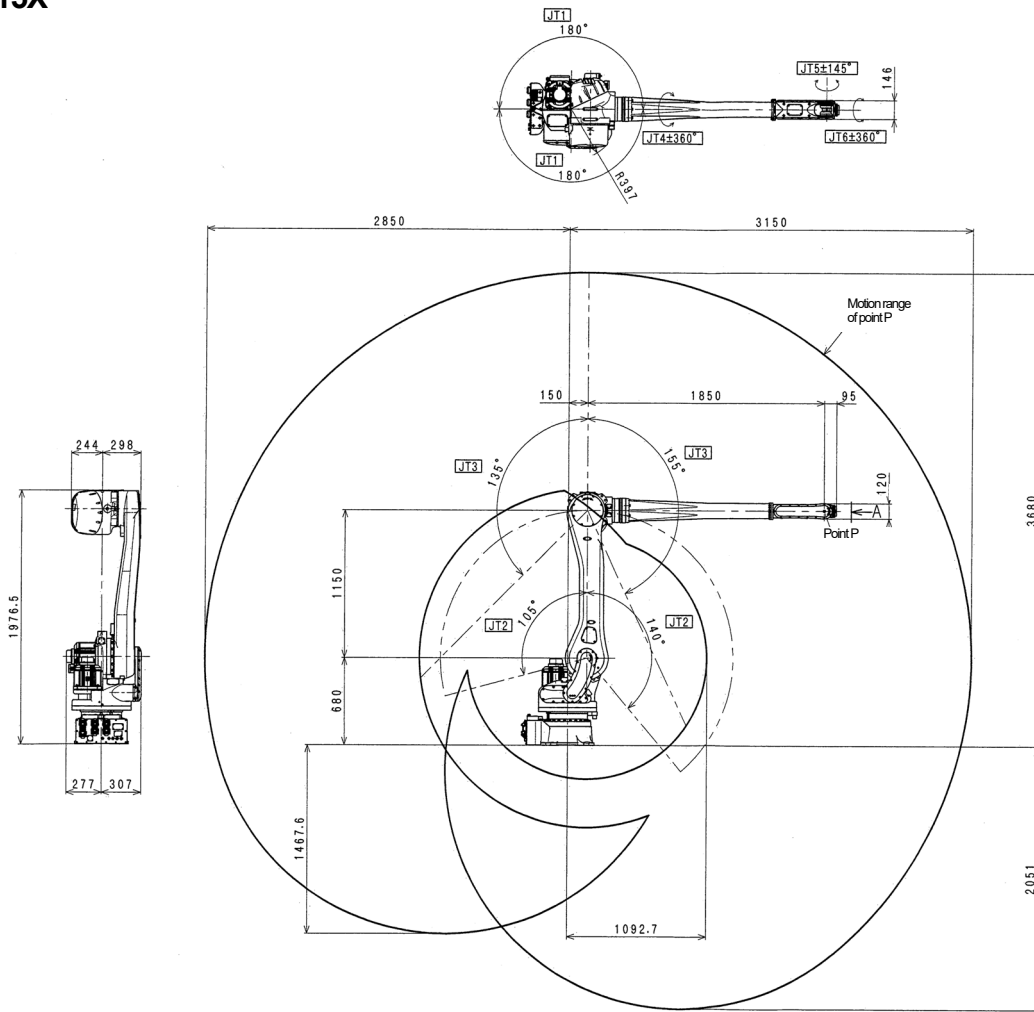


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	190°/s
	2	+155° to -105°	205°/s
	3	+150° to -163°	210°/s
	4	±270°	400°/s
	5	±145°	360°/s
6	±360°	610°/s	
Max. Payload	10 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	22 N·m	0.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	22 N·m	0.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	10 N·m	0.2 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.05 mm		
Mass	230 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)**1		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 3,200 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS015X**



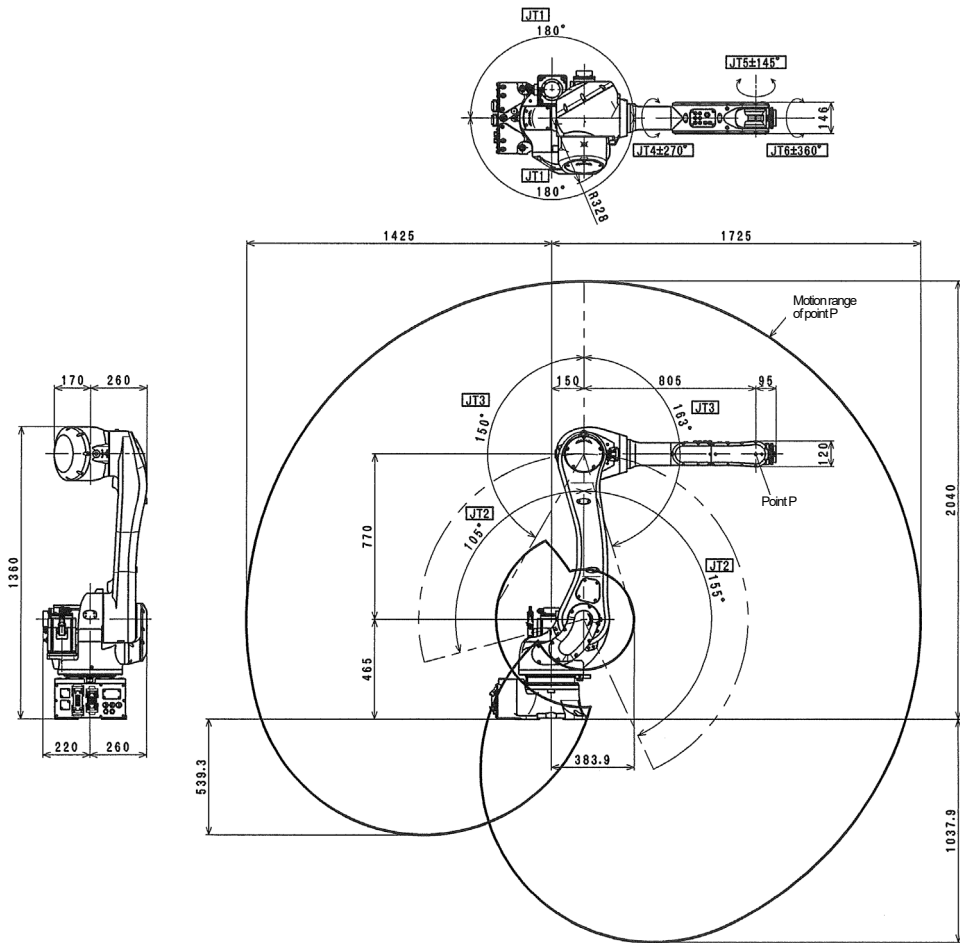
Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	180°/s
	2	+140° to -105°	180°/s
	3	+135° to -155°	200°/s
	4	±360°	410°/s
	5	±145°	360°/s
6	±360°	610°/s	
Max. Payload	15 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	34 N·m	0.8 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	34 N·m	0.8 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	22 N·m	0.25 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.06 mm		
Mass	545 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A) <sup>*1</sup>		

\*1 Measurement conditions  
 • Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface  
 • Point 4,500 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.



**RS020N, RA020N**

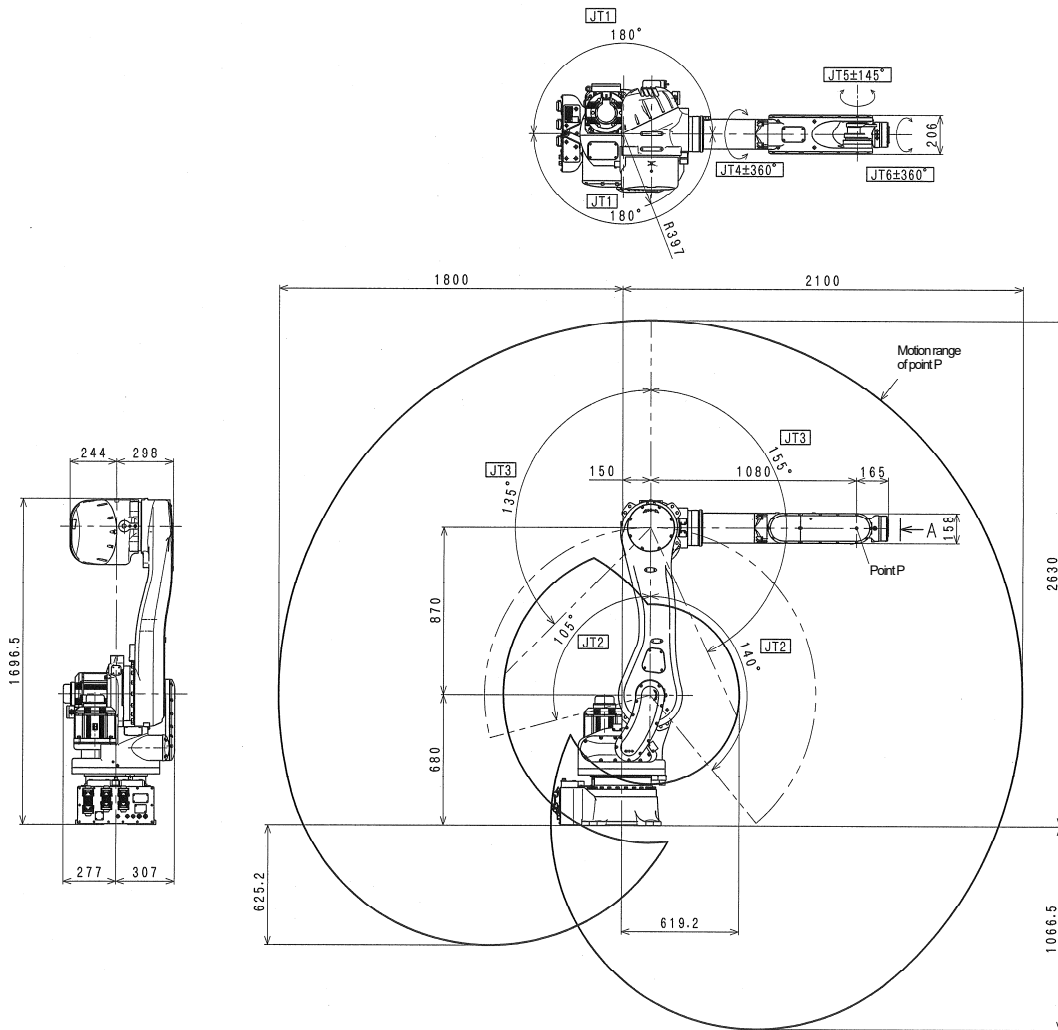


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	190°/s
	2	+155° to -105°	205°/s
	3	+150° to -163°	210°/s
	4	±270°	400°/s
	5	±145°	360°/s
6	±360°	610°/s	
Max. Payload	20 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	45 N·m	0.9 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	45 N·m	0.9 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	29 N·m	0.3 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.04 mm		
Mass	230 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A) <sup>*1</sup>		

\*1 Measurement conditions  
 • Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface  
 • Point 3,000 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS030N**

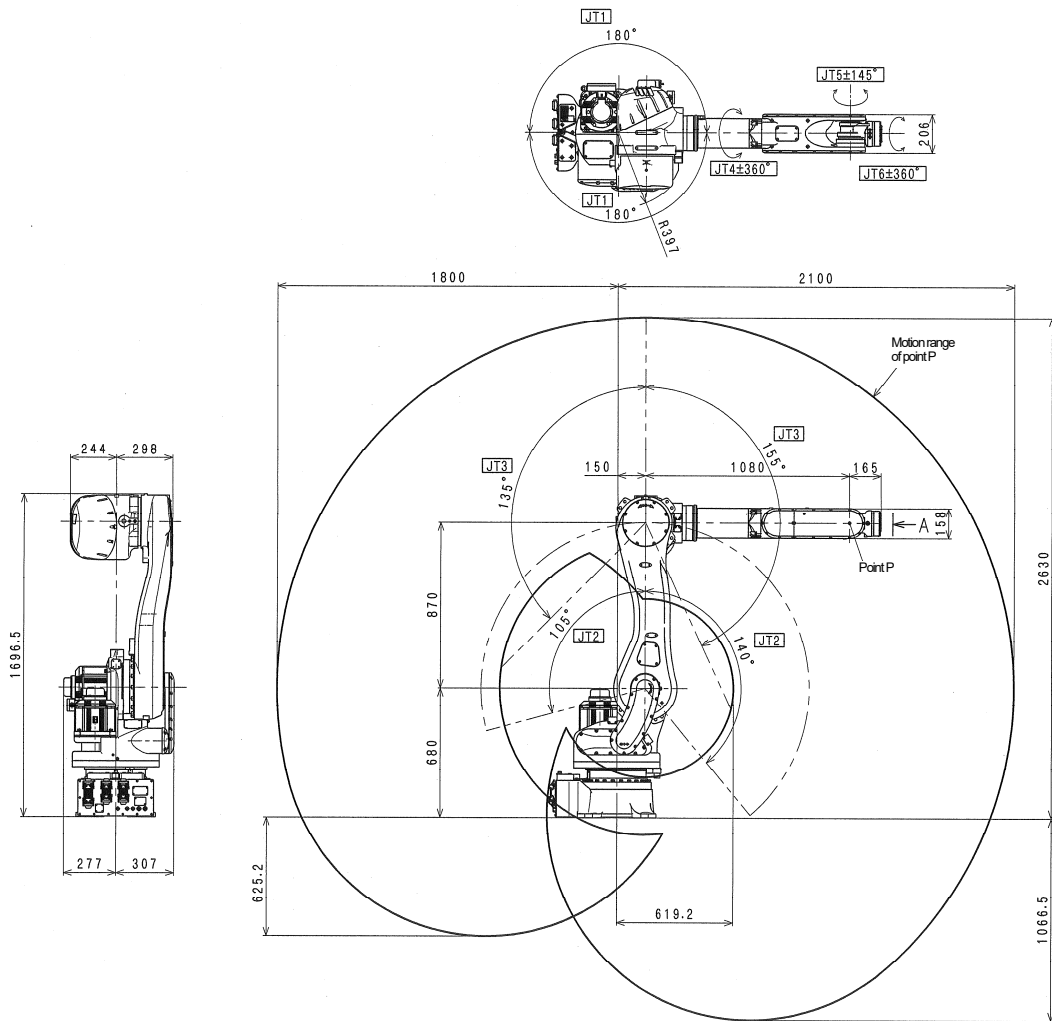


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	180°/s
	2	+140° to -105°	180°/s
	3	+135° to -155°	185°/s
	4	±360°	260°/s
	5	±145°	260°/s
6	±360°	360°/s	
Max. Payload	30 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	210 N·m	16.8 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	210 N·m	16.8 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	130 N·m	6.6 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.06 mm		
Mass	555 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A) <sup>*1</sup>		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 4,100 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS050N**

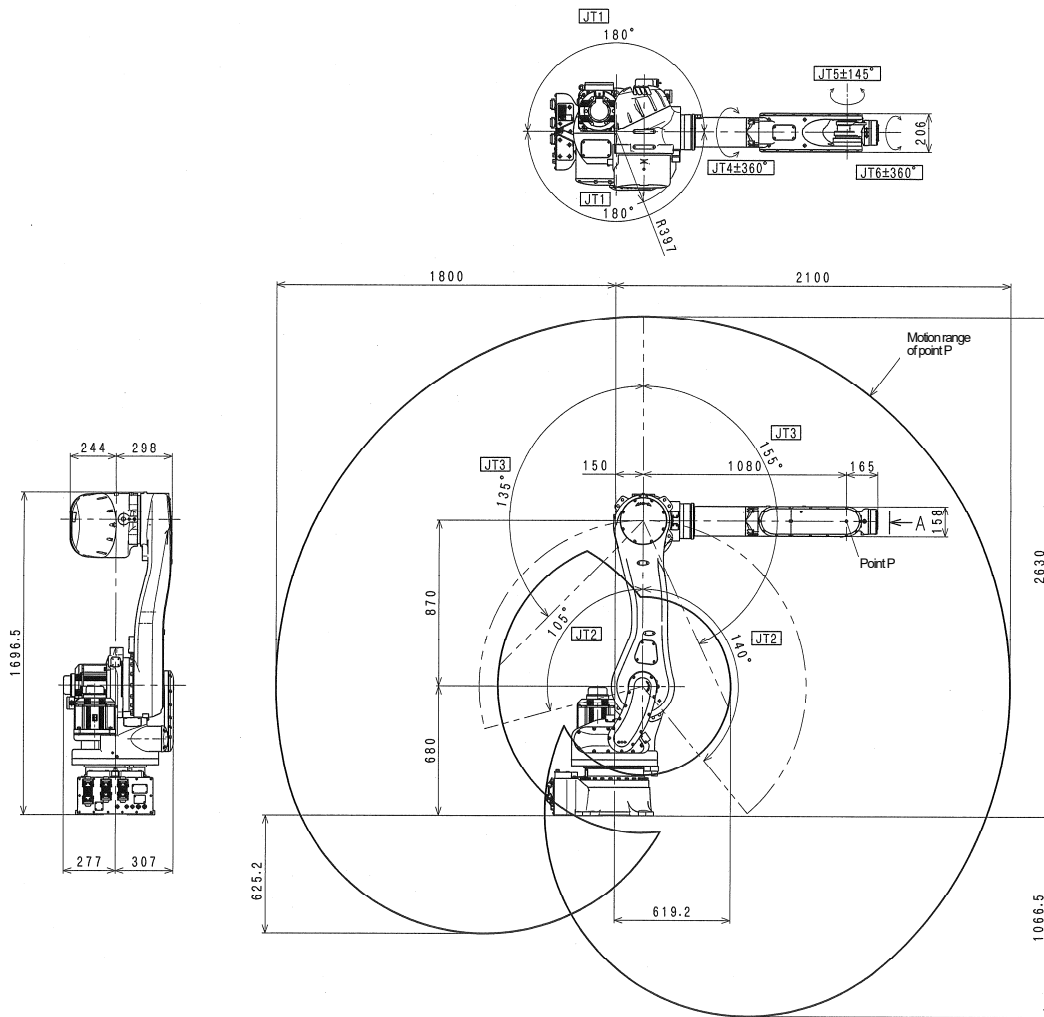


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	180°/s
	2	+140° to -105°	180°/s
	3	+135° to -155°	185°/s
	4	±360°	260°/s
	5	±145°	260°/s
6	±360°	360°/s	
Max. Payload	50 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	210 N·m	28 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	210 N·m	28 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	130 N·m	11 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.06 mm		
Mass	555 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)*1		

- \*1 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 4, 100 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RS080N**

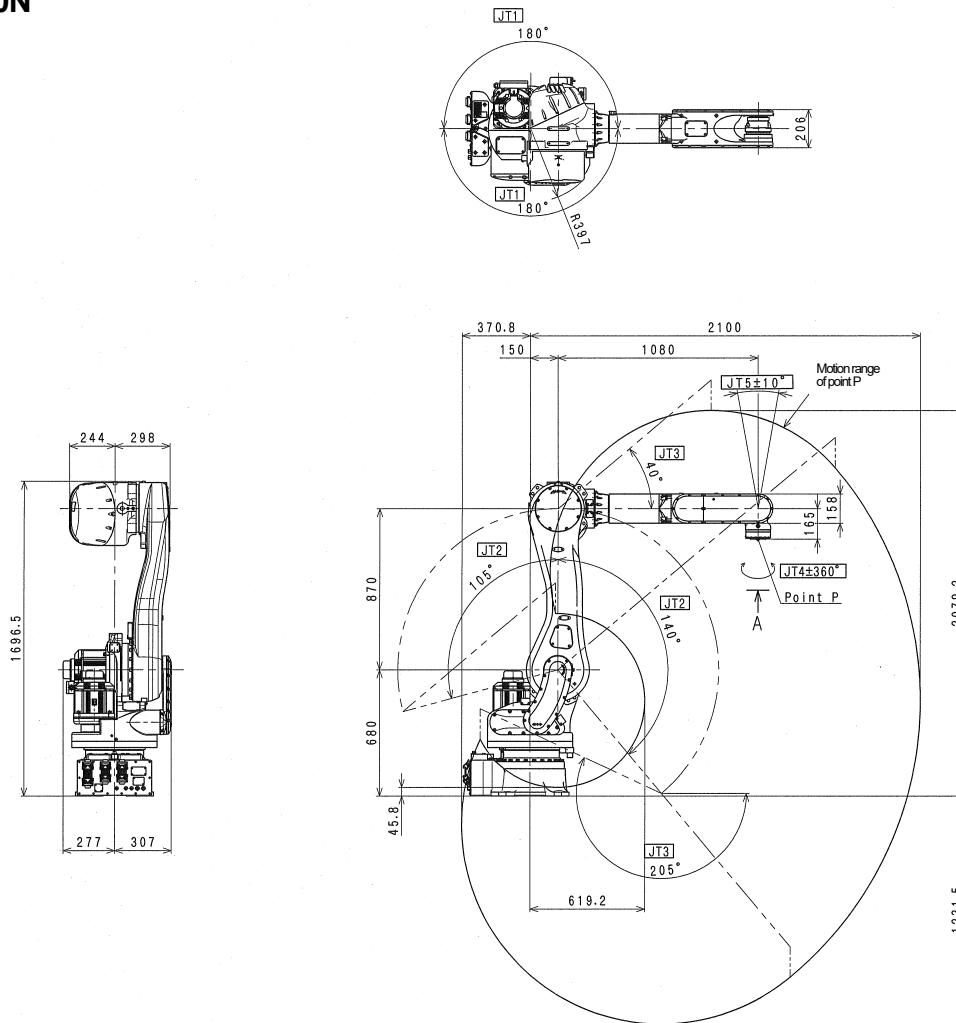


Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	6		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	±180°	180°/s
	2	+140° to -105°	180°/s
	3	+135° to -155°	160°/s
	4	±360°	185°/s
	5	±145°	165°/s
6	±360°	280°/s	
Max. Payload	80 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	336 N·m	34 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
	5	336 N·m	34 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
6	194 N·m	13.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>	
Repeated Positional Accuracy	±0.06 mm		
Mass	555 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A)*1		

\*1 Measurement conditions  
 • Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface  
 • Point P, 100 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

**RD080N**



Model	Vertically articulated robot		
Degree of Freedom of Motion	5		
Motion Range and Maximum Speed	JT	Motion Range	Max. Speed
	1	$\pm 180^\circ$	180°/s
	2	+140° to -105°	180°/s
	3	+40° to -205°	175°/s
	4	$\pm 360^\circ$	360°/s
	5	$\pm 10^{\circ*1}$	-
	*1	$\pm 10^\circ$ from vertical downward direction	
Max. Payload	80 kg		
Wrist Load Capacity	JT	Torque	Moment of Inertia
	4	-	13.7 kg·m <sup>2</sup>
Repeated Positional Accuracy	$\pm 0.07$ mm		
Mass	540 kg		
Acoustic noise	<80 dB (A) <sup>*2</sup>		

- \*2 Measurement conditions
- Robot tightly fixed to a flat floor surface
  - Point 4, 100 mm from the JT1 axis center

Noise level varies situationally.

## 4 Transportation Methods

### 4.1 Wire Suspension (Without Base Plate)

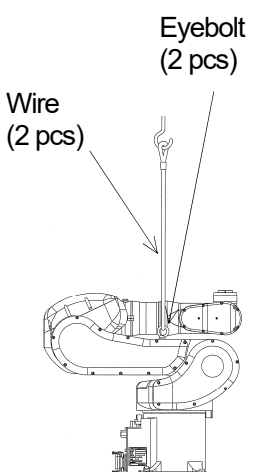
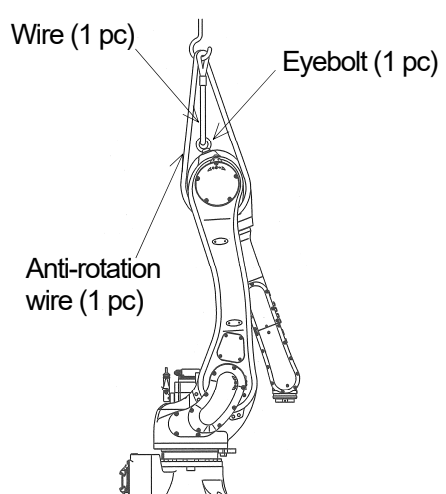
Mount an eyebolt to the arm as shown in the figure below, and hoist up the robot by fastening wires to it. (Follow the same procedures when attaching to a pedestal.)

**⚠ WARNING**

**Add anti-rotation wire without fail when hoisting up robot. (Except RS005N, RS005L, RA005L and RC005L.) If the robot rotates, eyebolt may come loose and the robot may fall.**

**⚠ CAUTION**

**When suspending the robot, care is required as it may tip forward or back depending on its posture or how the various options are installed. If the robot is suspended while at an angle, shocks may result in swinging or damage; wires may catch on the harness or piping; and external parts may cause interference resulting in damage. After transport is completed, remove the eyebolt attached to the robot arm.**

Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N	RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N	RS015X
Suspended posture					
Lifting posture	JT1	0°	0°	0°	0°
	JT2	-80°	0°	-3°	0°
	JT3	-170°	-163°	-163°	-155° (-55°)
	JT4	0°	0°	0°	0°
	JT5	90°	-17°	-20°	-25° (0°)
	JT6	0°	0°	0°	0°
Arm mounting eyebolts	M8×2	M16×1	M6×1	M16×1	M24×1

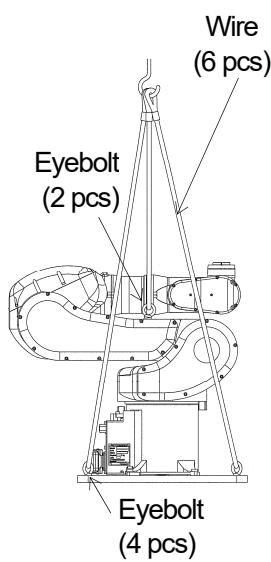
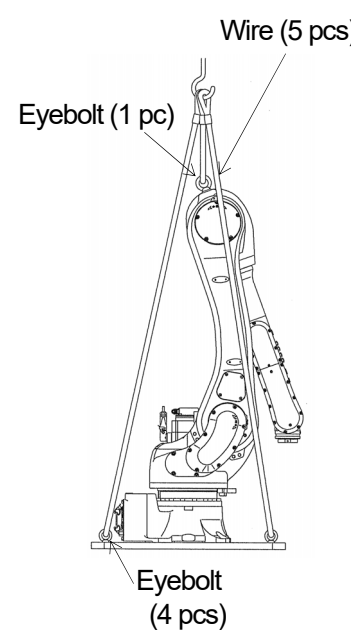
( ): RD080N

## 4.2 Wire Suspension (With Base Plate)

Mount four eyebolts to the base plate and fasten wires to them as shown in the figure below. To prevent the robot from falling, also mount an eyebolt to the arm and hoist it up by fastening wires to it. (Follow the same procedures when attaching to a pedestal.)

### ⚠ CAUTION

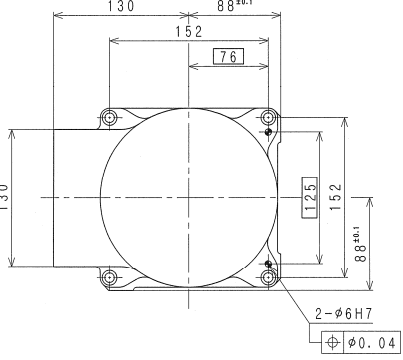
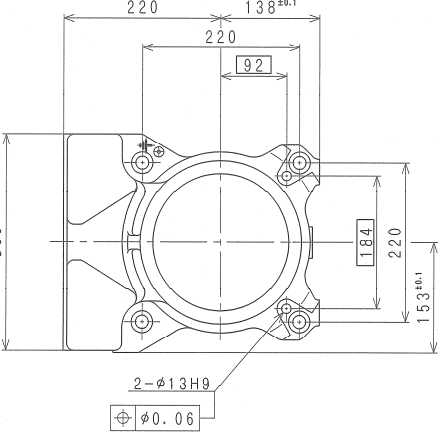
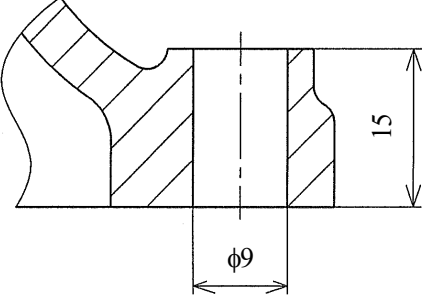
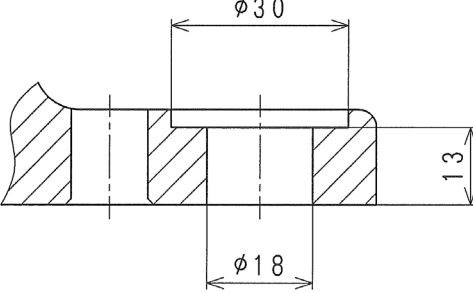
When suspending the robot, care is required as it may tip forward or back depending on its posture or how the various options are installed. If the robot is suspended while at an angle, shocks may result in swinging or damage; wires may catch on the harness or piping; and external parts may cause interference resulting in damage. After transport is completed, remove the eyebolt attached to the robot arm.

Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N	RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N	RS015X	
Suspended posture						
Lifting posture	J11	0°	0°	0°	0°	
	J12	-80°	0°	-3°	0°	
	J13	-170°	-163°	-163°	-155° (-55°)	
	J14	0°	0°	0°	0°	
	J15	90°	-17°	-20°	25° (0°)	
	J16	0°	0°	0°	0°	
Arm mounting eyebolts	M8×2	M16×1	M6×1	M16×1	M24×1	
Base plate part number	60360-0081	60360-1201	60360-1203	60360-0086	60360-0086	

( ) : RD080N

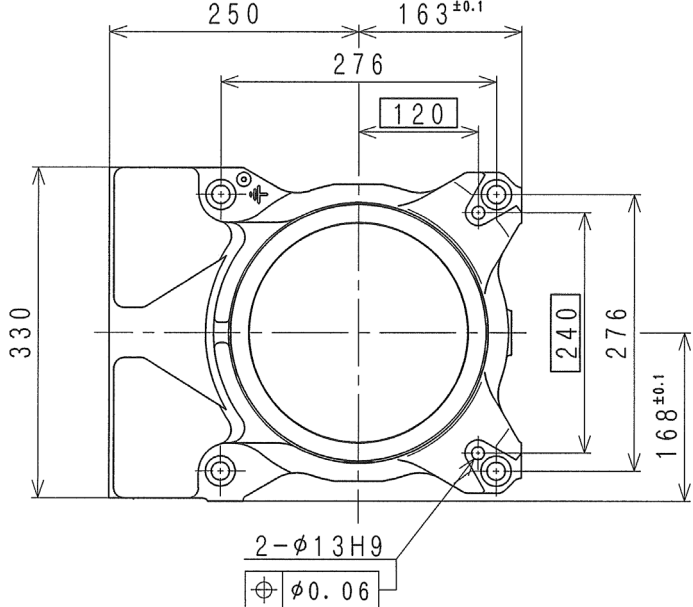
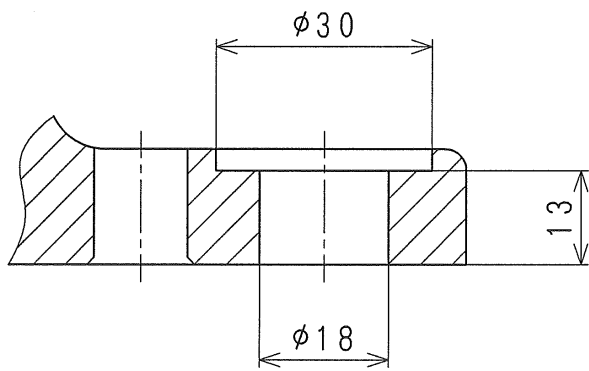
### 5 Base Installation Dimensions

Use the bolt holes and fix with high tensile strength bolts during base installation.

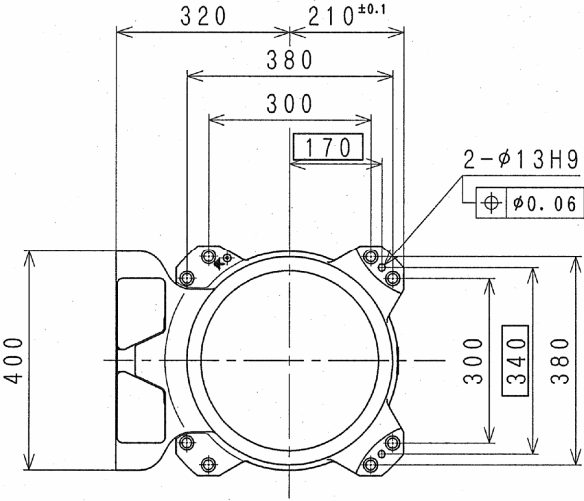
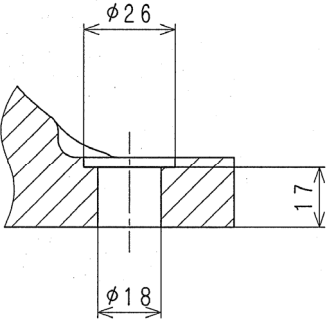
Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N
Dimensions of the installed part		
Cross-section figure of the installed part		
Bolt hole	4-φ9	4-φ18
High tensile bolt	4-M8 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9	4-M16 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9
Tightening torque	29 N·m	240 N·m
Installation surface angle	Within ±5°	Within ±5°



Use the bolt holes and fix with high tensile strength bolts during base installation.

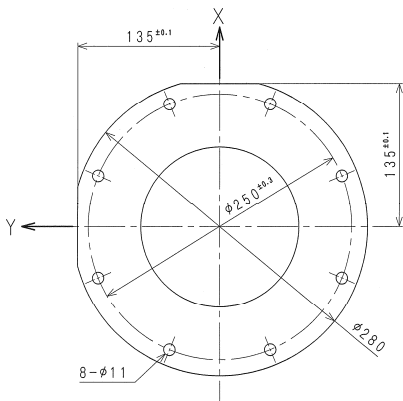
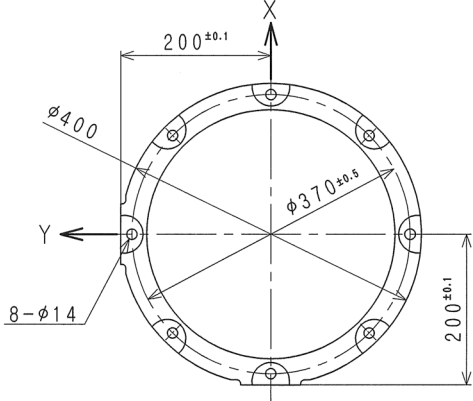
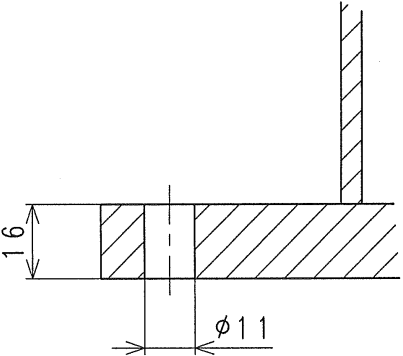
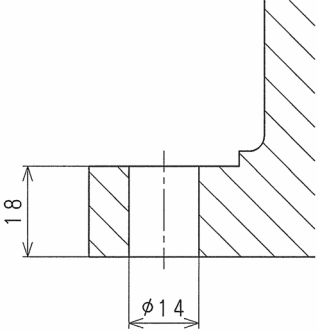
Model	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N
Dimensions of the installed part	 <p>250, 163<sup>±0.1</sup>, 276, 120, 330, 240, 276, 168<sup>±0.1</sup>, 2-φ13H9, φ0.06</p>
Cross-section figure of the installed part	 <p>φ30, φ18, 13</p>
Bolt hole	4-φ18
High tensile bolt	4-M16 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9
Tightening torque	240 N·m
Installation surface angle	Within ±5°

Use the bolt holes and fix with high tensile strength bolts during base installation.

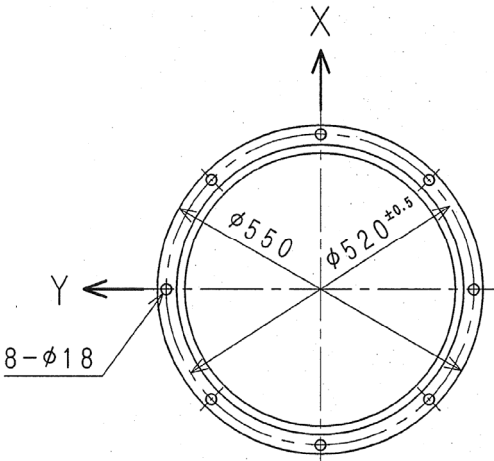
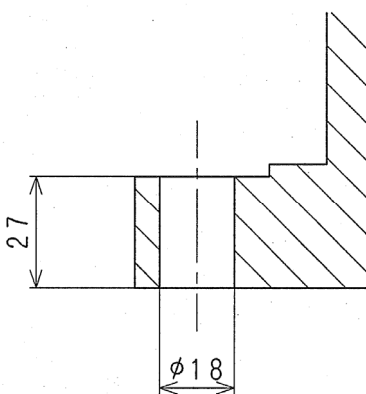
Model	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
Dimensions of the installed part	
Cross-section figure of the installed part	
Bolt hole	8-φ18
High tensile bolt	8-M16 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9
Tightening torque	240 N·m
Installation surface angle	Within ±5°

### 6 Installation Method of Robot Pedestal

Use the bolt holes and fix with high tensile strength bolts during installation of robot pedestal.

Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RS010N, RS010L, RS020N, RA006L, RA010N, RA010L, RA020N
Dimensions of the installed part		
Cross-section figure of the installed part		
Bolt hole	8-φ11	8-φ14
High tensile bolt	8-M10 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9	8-M12 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9
Tightening torque	57 N·m	98 N·m
Installation surface angle	Within ±5°	Within ±5°

Use the bolt holes and fix with high tensile strength bolts during installation of robot pedestal.

Model	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
Dimensions of the installed part	
Cross-section figure of the installed part	
Bolt hole	8- $\phi 18$
High tensile bolt	8-M16 Material: SCM435 Hardness category: at least 10.9
Tightening torque	240 N·m
Installation surface angle	Within $\pm 5^\circ$

## 7 Installation Method

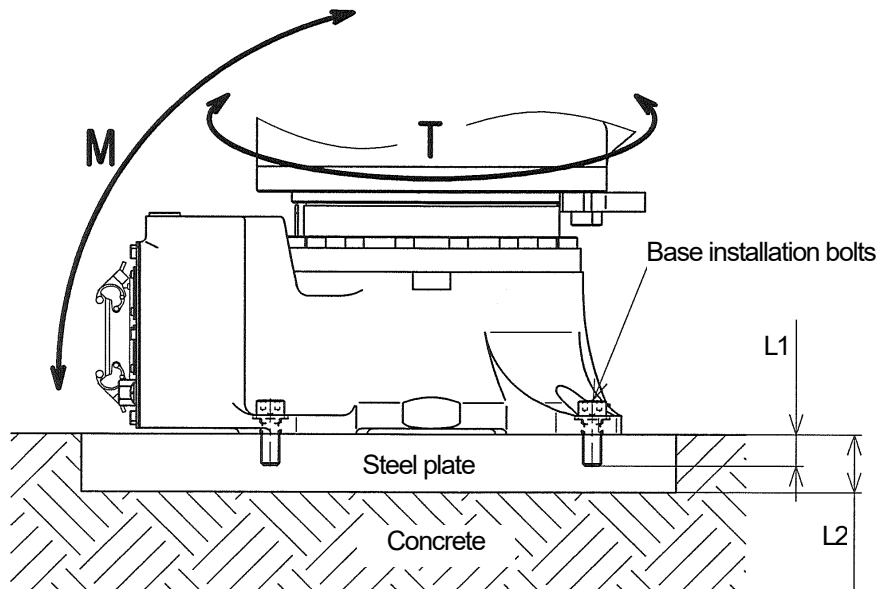


### WARNING

When installing the robot on the wall or ceiling, the robot may fall or be damaged during the installation operation. Be sure to contact nearest Kawasaki when using this installation method.

### 7.1 Installing the Base Directly on the Floor

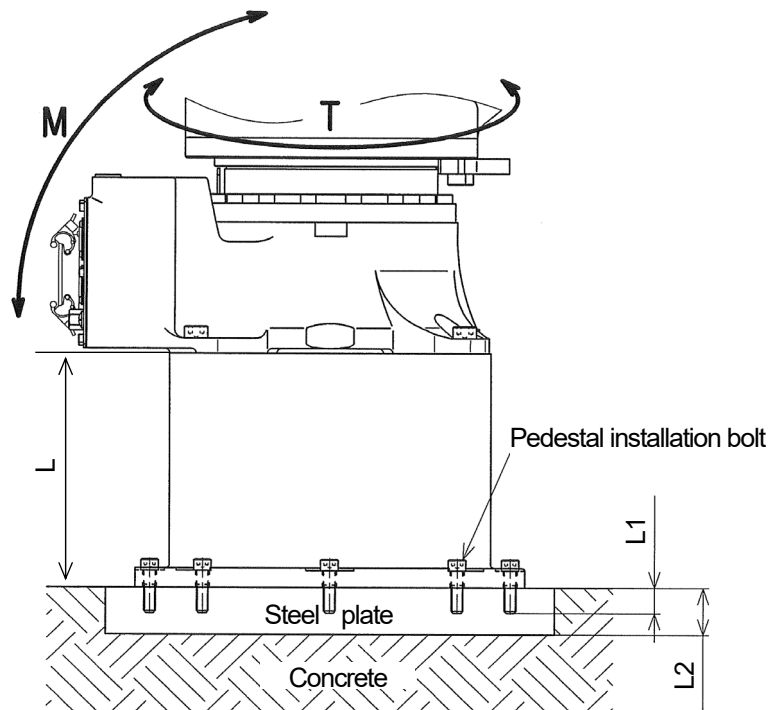
In this case, bury steel plate of L2 thickness (See the table below.) in the concrete floor as shown in the figure below or fix it with anchors. Fix the steel plate firmly enough to endure the reaction forces produced by the robot.



Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L RS020N, RA020N	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
M (Overturning moment)	1,127 N·m	3,223 N·m	6,300 N·m	15,937 N·m
T (Rotational torque)	849 N·m	2,168 N·m	5,614 N·m	12,101 N·m
Base installation bolt	4-M8	4-M16	4-M16	8-M16
Tightening torque	29 N·m	240 N·m	240 N·m	240 N·m
L1	Min. 12 mm	Min. 25 mm	Min. 25 mm	Min. 25 mm
L2	Min. 14 mm	Min. 28 mm	Min. 28 mm	Min. 28 mm

## 7.2 Installing the Robot Pedestal on the Floor

In this case, the installation procedures are practically the same as the procedure shown in the section 7.1.

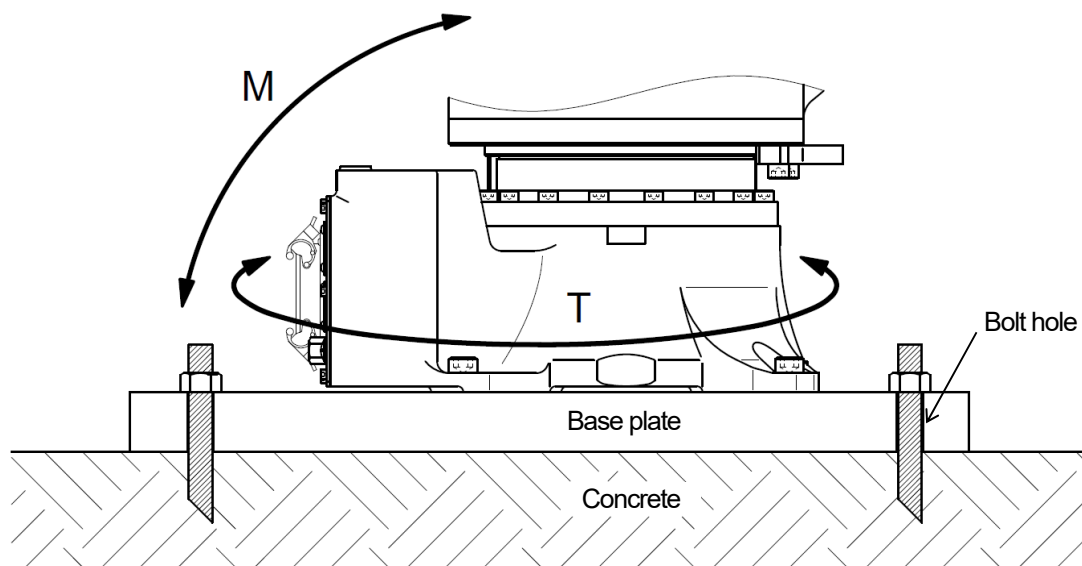


Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
M (Overturning moment)	1,127 N·m	3,223 N·m	6,300 N·m	15,937 N·m
T (Rotational torque)	849 N·m	2,168 N·m	5,614 N·m	12,101 N·m
Pedestal mass	24 kg (L=600)	60 kg (L=600)	70 kg (L=600)	100 kg (L=600)
	17 kg (L=300)	35 kg (L=300)	45 kg (L=300)	65 kg (L=300)
Pedestal installation bolt	8-M10	8-M12	8-M12	8-M16
Tightening torque	57 N·m	98 N·m	98 N·m	240 N·m
L	600 (60360-0082*1) 300 (60360-0203*1)	600 (60360-1164*1) 300 (60360-1165*1)	600 (60360-1166*1) 300 (60360-1167*1)	600 (60360-1178*1) 300 (60360-1179*1)
L1	Min. 15 mm	Min. 18 mm	Min. 18 mm	Min. 25 mm
L2	Min. 17 mm	Min. 20 mm	Min. 20 mm	Min. 28 mm

\*1 ( ) indicates the part number of pedestal.

### 7.3 Installing the Robot Base Plate on the Floor (Without Pedestal)

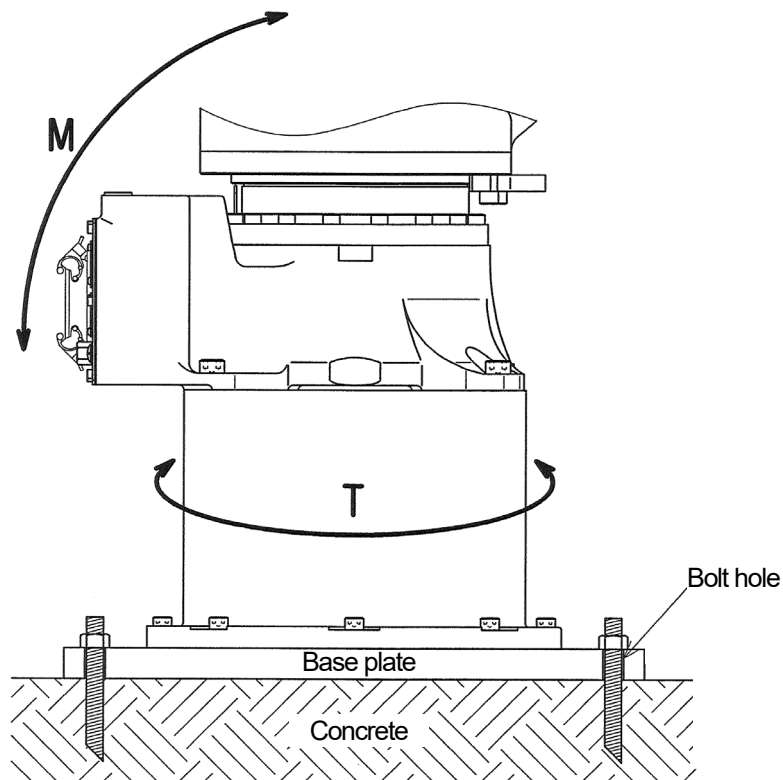
In this case, install the base plate on concrete floor or steel plate using bolt holes on the base plate.



Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
M (Overturning moment)	1,127 N·m	3,223 N·m	6,300 N·m	15,937 N·m
T (Rotational torque)	849 N·m	2,168 N·m	5,614 N·m	12,101 N·m
Base plate part number	60360-0081	60360-1201	60360-1203	60360-0086
Base plate mass	20 kg	110 kg	110 kg	110 kg
Base plate installation hole	4- $\phi$ 14 (300 × 300)	4- $\phi$ 20 (PCD800)	4- $\phi$ 20 (PCD800)	4- $\phi$ 26 (PCD800)
Base plate dimension (mm)	400 × 400 × 16	750 × 750 × 25	750 × 750 × 25	750 × 750 × 25

## 7.4 Installing the Robot Base Plate on the Floor

In this case, install the base plate on concrete floor or steel plate using bolt holes on the base plate.



Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N	RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
M (Overturning moment)	1,127 N·m	3,223 N·m	6,300 N·m	15,937 N·m
T (Rotational torque)	849 N·m	2,168 N·m	5,614 N·m	12,101 N·m
Part number of pedestal installation base plate	60360-0081	60360-1005	60360-1005	60360-0085
Base plate mass	20 kg	110 kg	110 kg	110 kg
Base plate installation hole	4- $\phi$ 14 (300 × 300)	4- $\phi$ 20 (PCD800)	4- $\phi$ 20 (PCD800)	4- $\phi$ 26 (PCD800)
Base plate dimension (mm)	400 × 400 × 16	750 × 750 × 25	750 × 750 × 25	750 × 750 × 25



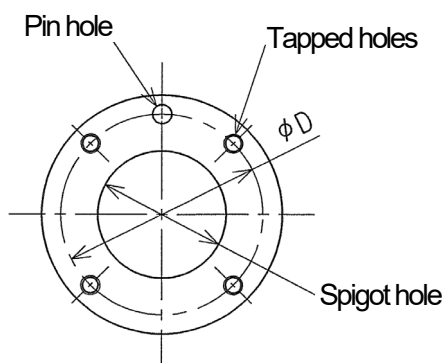
## 8 Installation of Tools



### WARNING

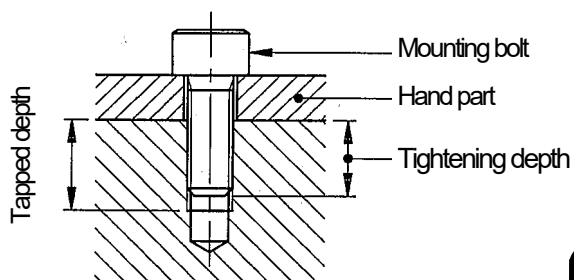
When mounting a hand or other tools, be sure to turn OFF the controller power and external power, and after clearly displaying that "inspection and maintenance is in progress," lock out and tag out the external power so that an operator or third party does not accidentally turn ON the power, causing an unexpected situation such as electric shock.

### 8.1 Wrist Tip (Flange Surface) Dimensions



The tip of the robot arm features a flange for mounting tools such as a hand or gun. As shown in the figure on the left, tighten the mounting bolts using the tapped holes machined around the  $\phi D$  circumference of the flange. Additionally, use the pin holes and spigot holes for positioning the hand and gun.

## 8.2 Mounting Bolt Specifications



Select bolts with lengths that will reach the designated tightening depth, according to the tapped depths on the tool mounting flange. Additionally, use high-tensile bolts, and tighten to the rated torque.



### CAUTION

If the tightening depth is above the rated value, then the mounting bolts will bottom out and the tool may not be secured.

Model	RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N	RS010L, RA010L, RS015X, RS020N, RA020N	RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N
Tapped holes	4-M5	4-M6	4-M6	6-M8
øD	ø31.5	ø40	ø63	ø80
Pin hole	ø5H7 Depth 8	ø6H7 Depth 6	ø6H7 Depth 6	ø8H7 Depth 8
Spigot hole	ø20H7 Depth 3	ø25H7 Depth 6	ø40H7 Depth 6	ø50H7 Depth 6
Tapped depth	8 mm	8 mm	9 mm	13 mm
Tightening depth	6 to 7 mm	6 to 7 mm	7 to 8 mm	8 to 12 mm
High tensile bolt	SCM435, 10.9 min	SCM435, 10.9 min	SCM435, 10.9 min	SCM435, 10.9 min
Tightening torque	6.9 N·m	12 N·m	12 N·m	29 N·m

### 8.3 Load Capacity

Load mass applicable to robot is specified for each model and includes the mass of hand and gun, etc. Applicable load torque and moment of inertia around wrist axes (JT4, JT5, and JT6) are also specified. Strictly observe the following restrictions on them.

! **CAUTION**

Using the robot beyond its specified load may result in degradation of movement performance and shortening of machine service life. The load mass includes the tool mass such as hand, tool changer, shock absorber, etc. If using the robot in excess of its load capacity, first contact Kawasaki without fail.

The load torque and the moment of inertia can be calculated by the expression below:

Calculation Formula

The diagram illustrates a load mass  $M$  (kg) represented by a grey circle. A vertical double-headed arrow indicates the distance  $L_6$  (m) from the JT6 axis rotation center to the load center of gravity. A dashed line represents the rotation axis, and a curved arrow indicates the moment of inertia  $I_G$  around this axis. Another dashed line represents the JT4(5) axis, with a double-headed arrow indicating the distance  $L_{4,5}$  (m) from its rotation center to the load center of gravity.

Load mass :  $M \leq M_{max}$ . (kg)  
(Hand included)

Load torque :  $T = 9.8 M \cdot L$  (N·m)

Load moment of inertia:  $I = M \cdot L^2 + I_G$  (kg·m<sup>2</sup>)

$M_{max}$ : Maximum load mass: See Section 3.2.

$L$ : Length from axis rotation center to load center of gravity. (Unit: m) (See figure)

$L_6$ : Length from JT6 axis rotation center to load center of gravity.

$L_{4,5}$ : Length from JT4(5) axis rotation center to load center of gravity.

$I_G$ : Moment of inertia around center of gravity. (Unit: kg·m<sup>2</sup>)

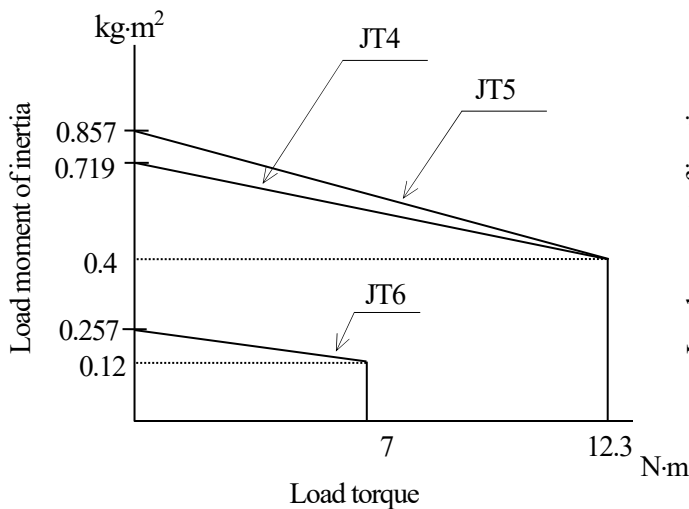
If calculation of load is made by dividing the load into construction parts, such as hands and workpieces, use the total calculation values of each part as load torque and moment of inertia.

Regarding the load on the robot wrist section, meet the following restriction conditions:

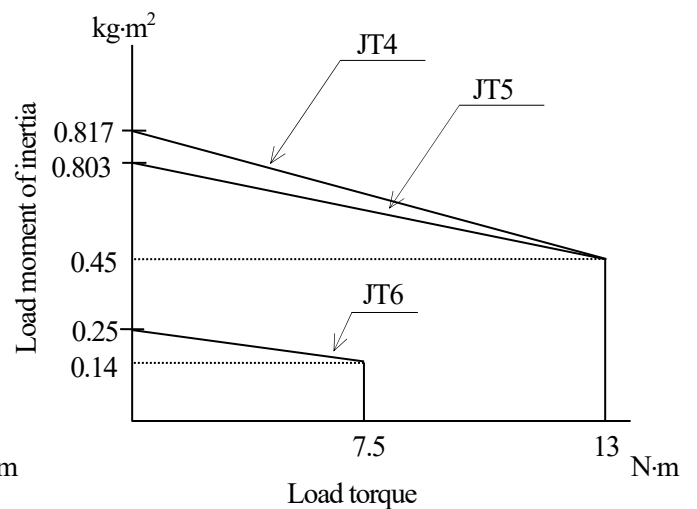
- The load mass including hand mass should be less than the following value.  
RS005 = 5 kg, RS006 = 6 kg, RS010 = 10 kg, RS015 = 15 kg, RS020 = 20 kg,  
RS030 = 30 kg, RS050 = 50 kg, RS080 = 80 kg, RD080 = 80 kg
- The load torque and the moment of inertia around each wrist axis (JT4, JT5, and JT6) should be within the following restriction\*1, as shown in below graphs:

\*1 Load moment of inertia exceeding the restriction may be acceptable. In this case, ensure to specify the load. (However, the robot movement may become slow because of optimizing acceleration and deceleration.) See “AS Language Reference Manual” for setting the load. Operating the robot with wrong settings may result in degradation of movement performance and shortening of machine service life.

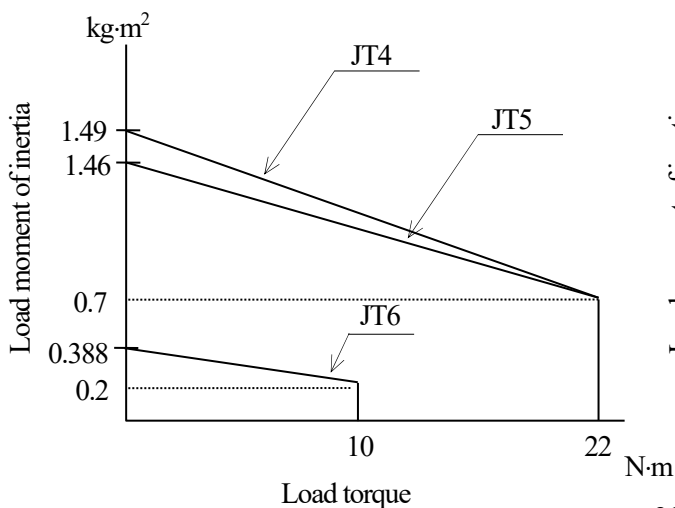
RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L



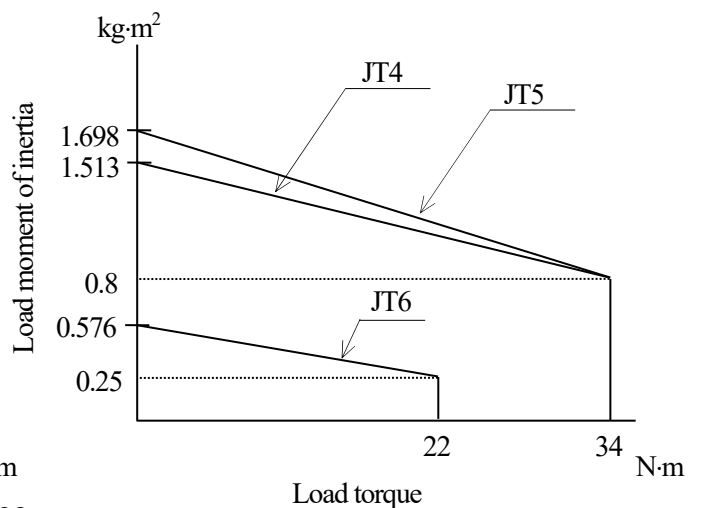
RS006L, RA006L



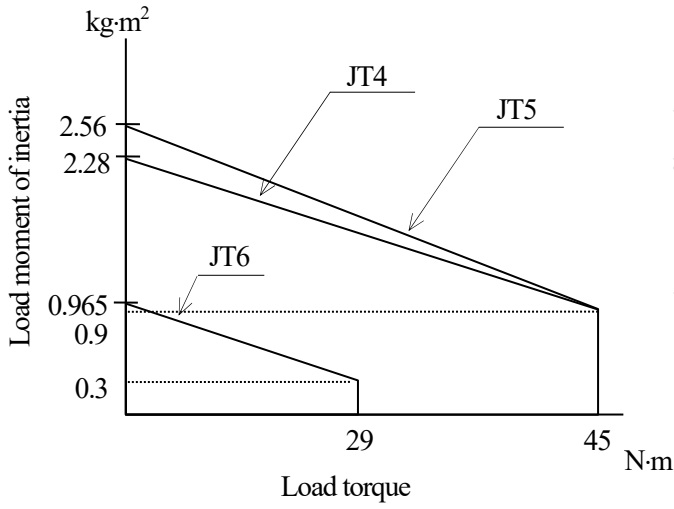
RS010N, RS010L, RA010N, RA010L



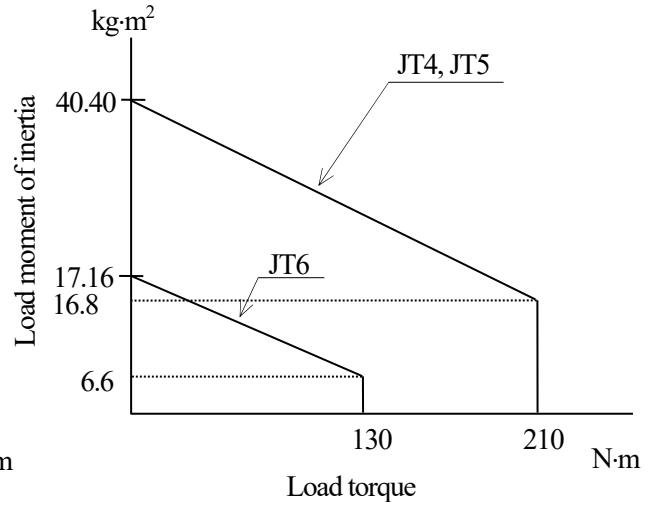
RS015X



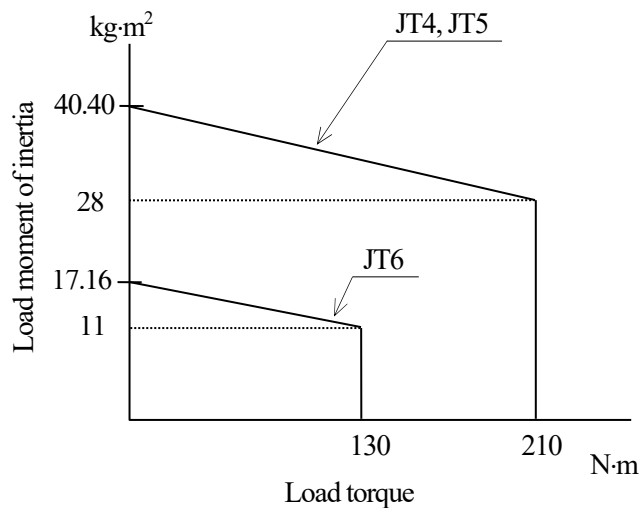
RS020N, RA020N



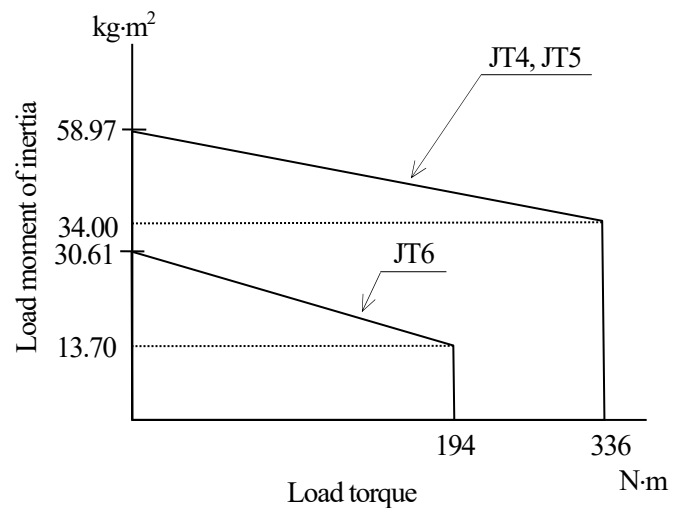
RS030N



RS050N



RS080N



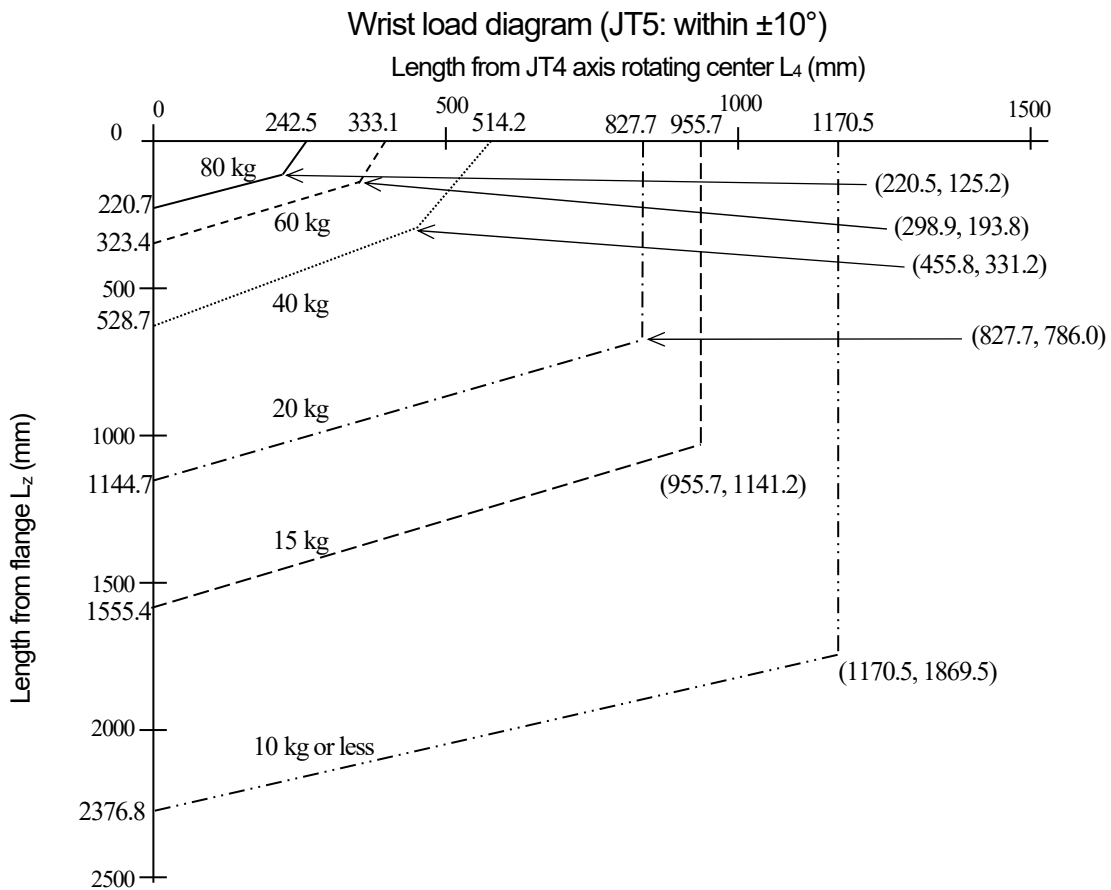
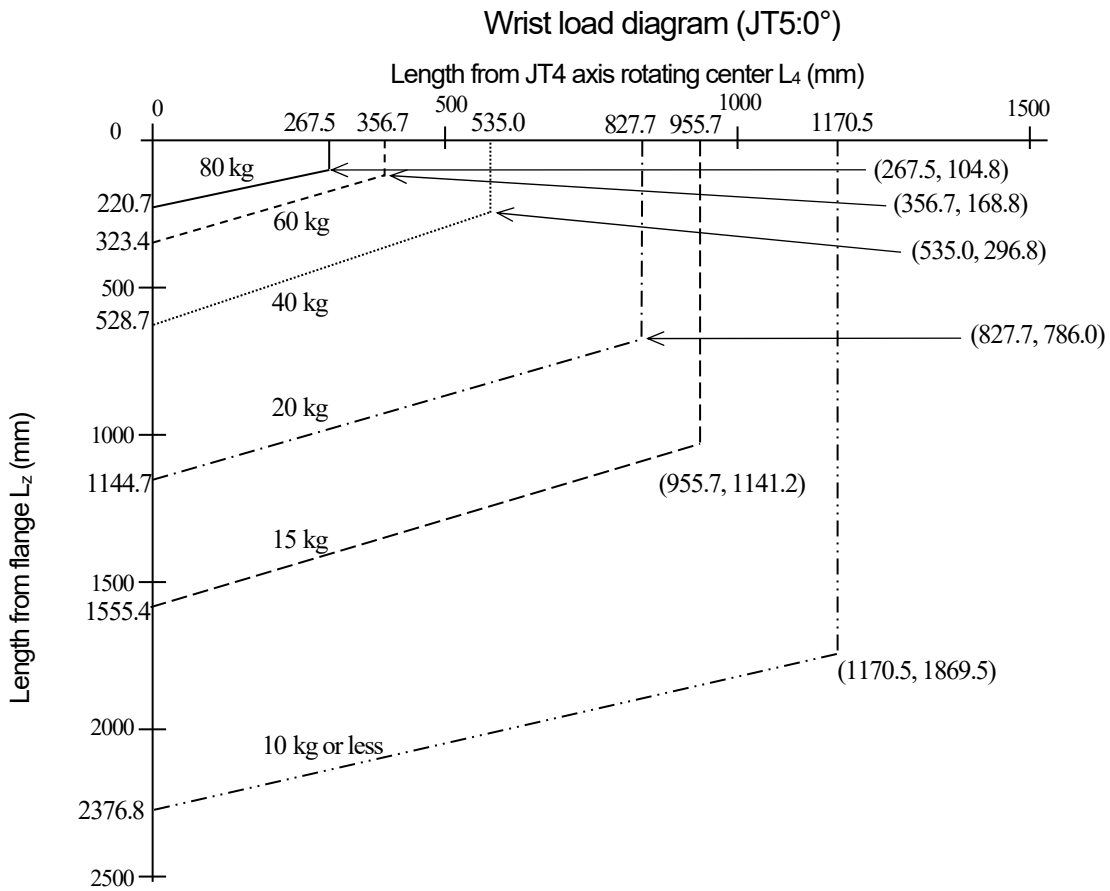
For RD080N

The load torque and the moment of inertia in wrist section should be calculated by expressions below.

Calculation Formula	
	<p>Load mass (including tool): <math>M \leq M_{max}</math>. (kg)</p> <p>Load torque: not specified</p> <p>Load moment of inertia: <math>I = M \cdot L^2 + I_G</math> (<math>\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2</math>) <math>\leq I_{max}</math> (<math>\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2</math>)</p> <p>Center position of load mass (<math>L_4, L_z</math>): See diagrams below.</p> <p><math>M_{max}</math>.: Maximum load mass 80 (kg)</p> <p><math>I_{max}</math>.: Maximum load moment of inertia 13.7 (<math>\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2</math>)</p> <p><math>I_G</math>: Moment of inertia around center of gravity (<math>\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2</math>)</p> <p><math>L_z</math>: Length from flange to load center of load mass (m)</p> <p><math>L_4</math>: Length from JT4 axis rotating center to load center of load mass (m)</p>
	<p>When calculating the load by dividing it into sections (for example, hand section, workpiece section, etc.), evaluate the moment of inertia from the sum of all the sections.</p>

Strictly observe the following restrictions applied to wrist sections.

1. The allowable load mass including tools should be less than the  $M_{max}$ . above.
2. Restrictions are applied to the load moment of inertia in wrist section (JT4). The load moment of inertia should be below 13.7  $\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ .
3. Restrictions are applied to the center of load mass. The center should be positioned within the allowable range. There are two diagrams for the cases; when moving with JT5 faced vertically down ( $0^\circ$ ) and when moving with JT5 tilted (within  $\pm 10^\circ$  of vertical down). In both cases, keep the center of gravity within the allowable range for load of 10 kg even when the load mass is below 10 kg. See the next page.



## 9 Mounting External Equipment

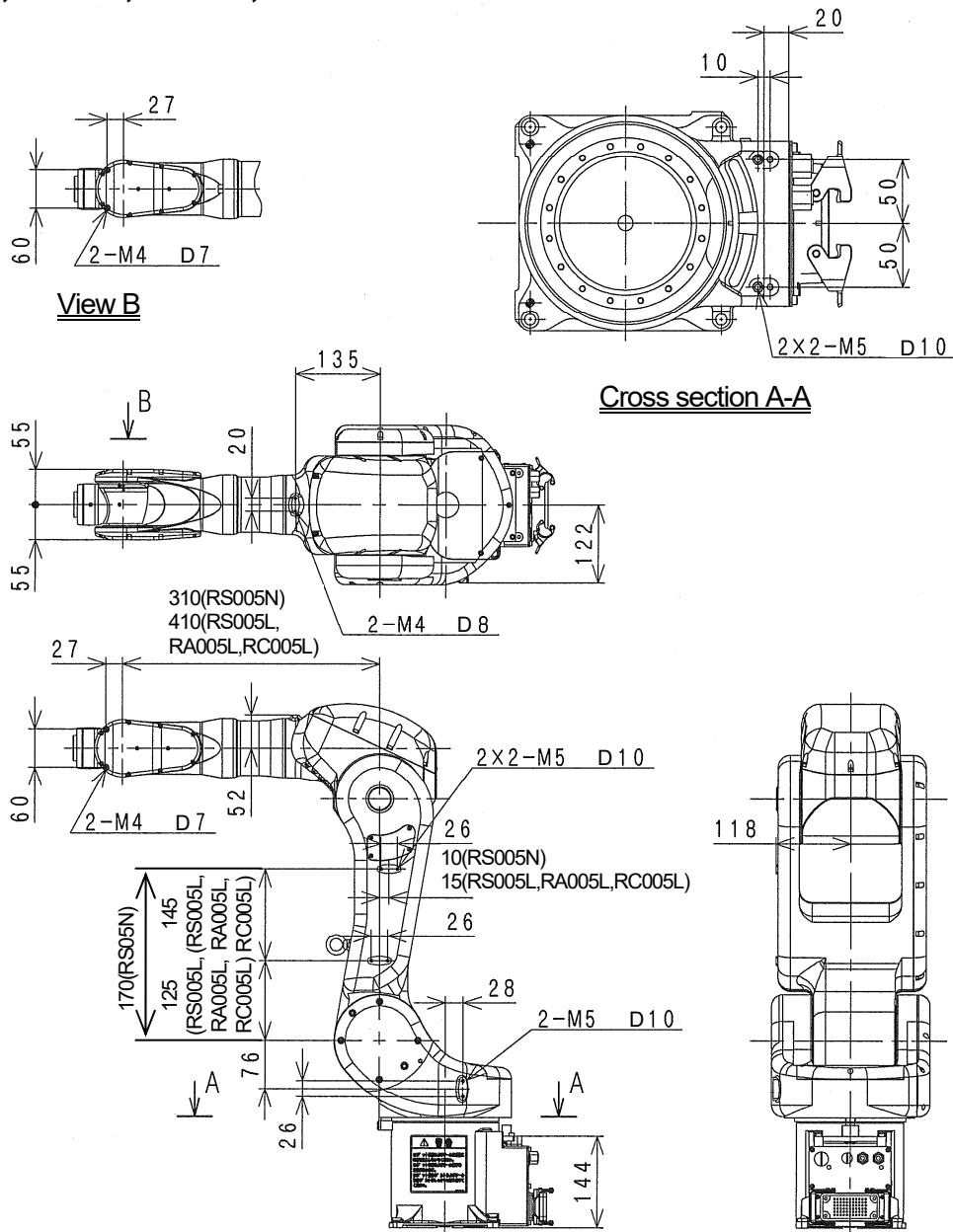
### 9.1 Service Tapped Hole Positions

Service tapped holes shown in the figure below are available to mount wiring brackets and external equipment on each part of robot arm.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Check the robot movement very carefully and confirm that mounted brackets and external equipment do not interfere with peripheral equipment and robot arm itself.**

#### RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L



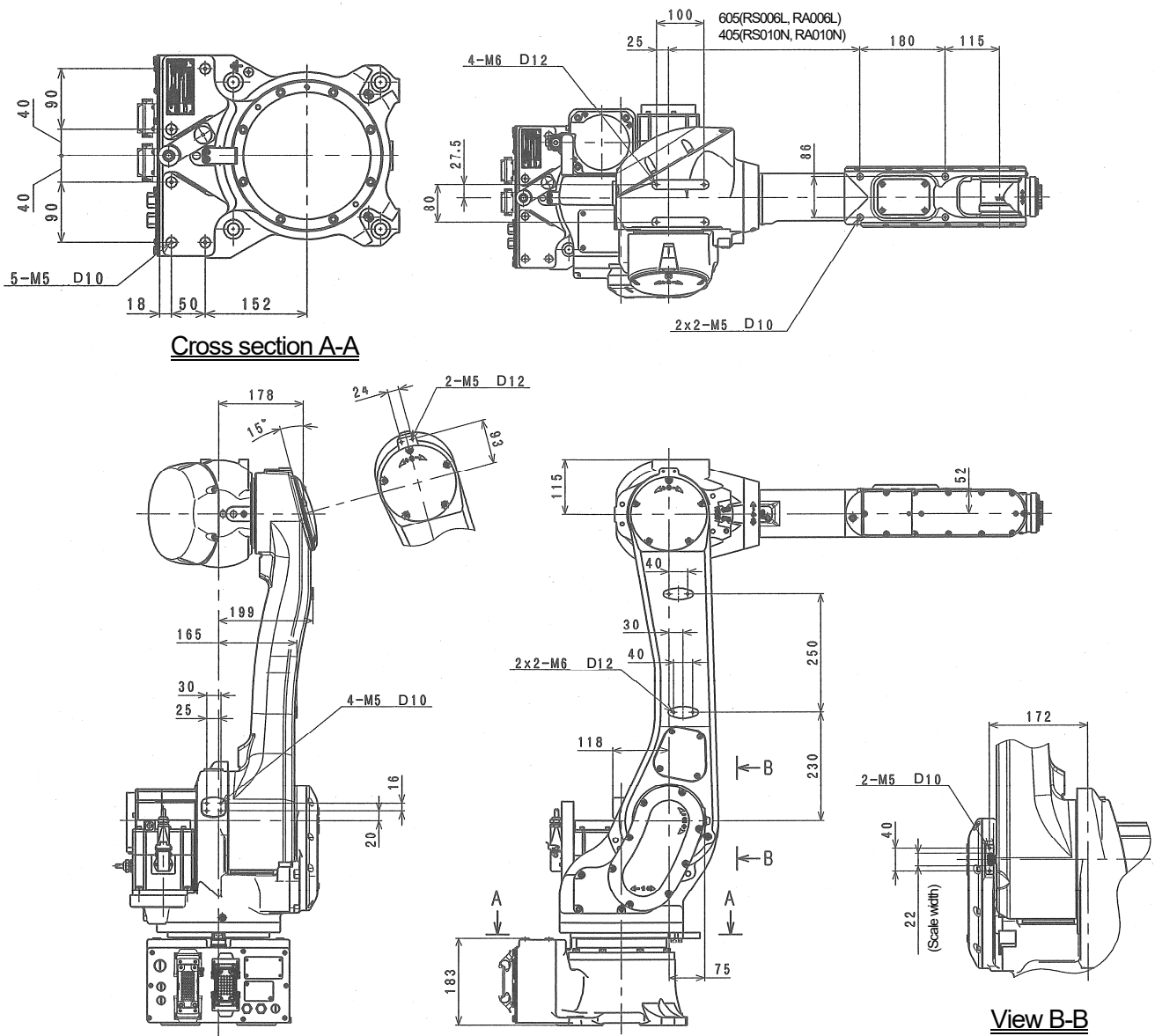


Service tapped holes shown in the figure below are available to mount wiring brackets and external equipment on each part of robot arm.

**CAUTION**

**Check the robot movement very carefully and confirm that mounted brackets and external equipment do not interfere with peripheral equipment and robot arm itself.**

**RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N**

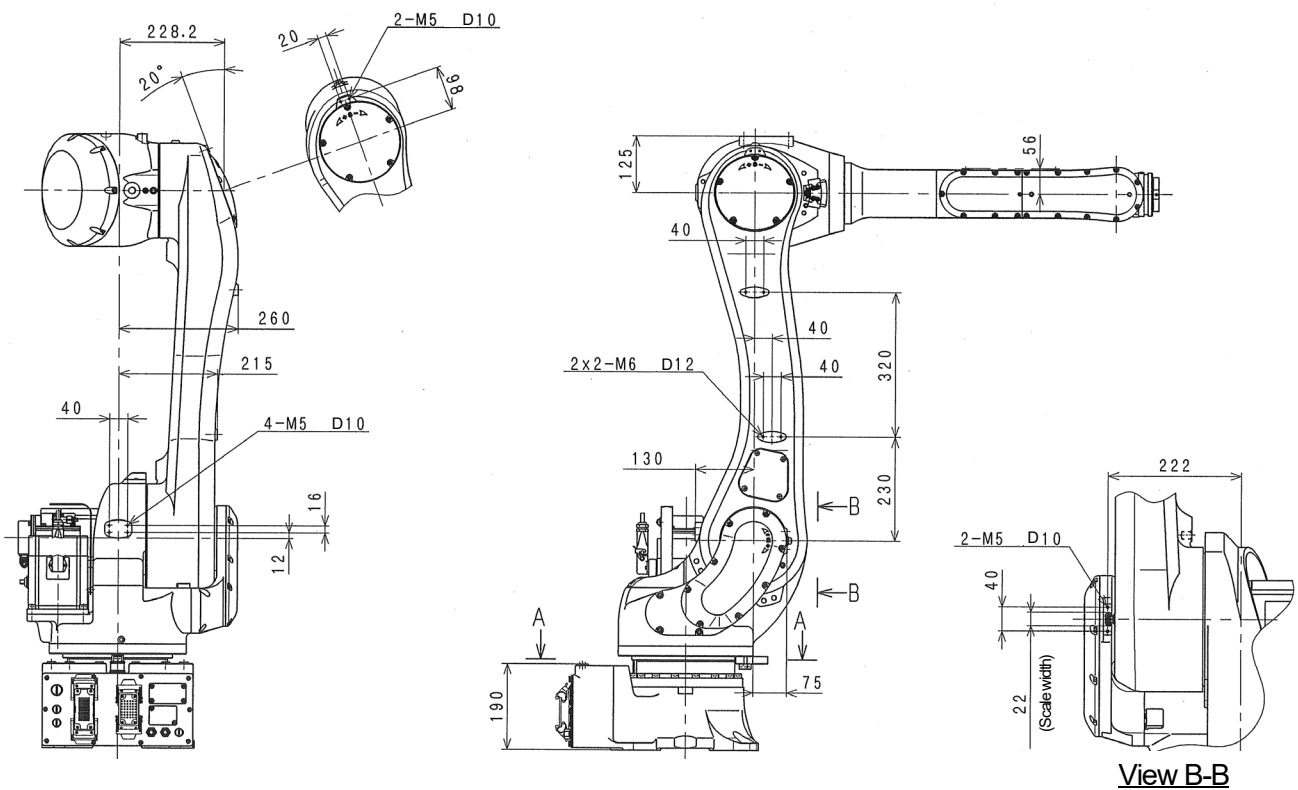
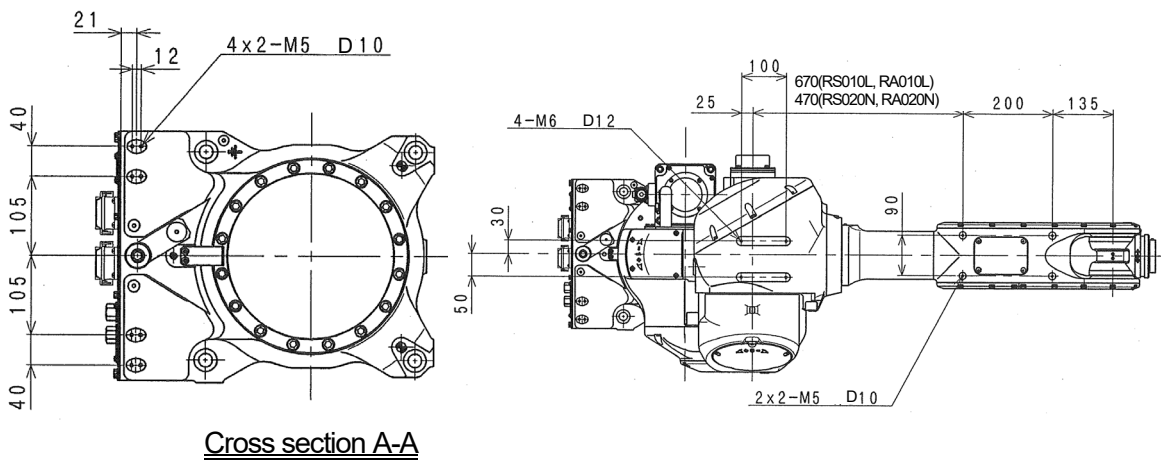


Service tapped holes shown in the figure below are available to mount wiring brackets and external equipment on each part of robot arm.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Check the robot movement very carefully and confirm that mounted brackets and external equipment do not interfere with peripheral equipment and robot arm itself.**

**RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N**

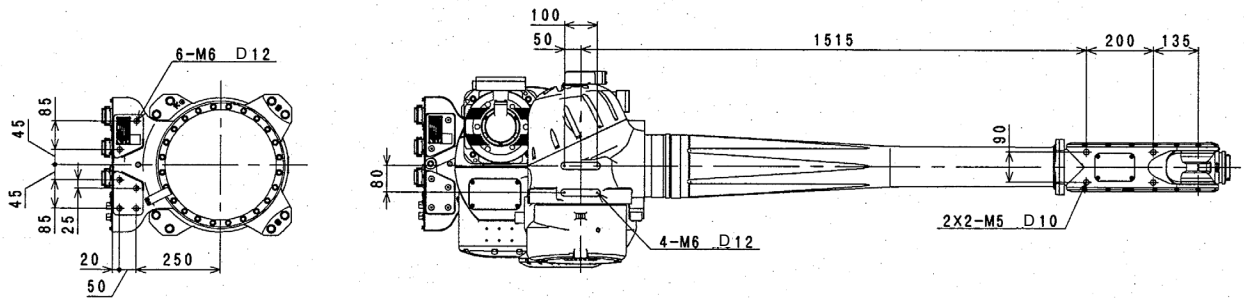


Service tapped holes shown in the figure below are available to mount wiring brackets and external equipment on each part of robot arm.

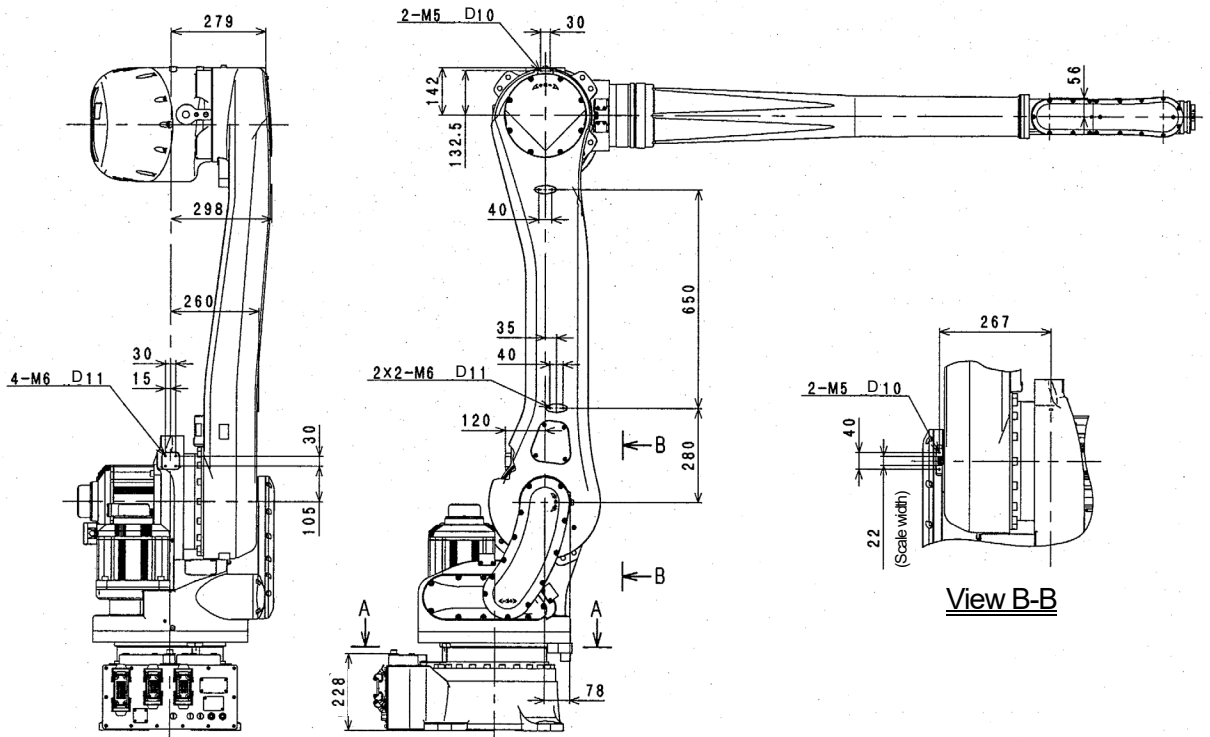
**CAUTION**

**Check the robot movement very carefully and confirm that mounted brackets and external equipment do not interfere with peripheral equipment and robot arm itself.**

**RS015X**



Cross section A-A



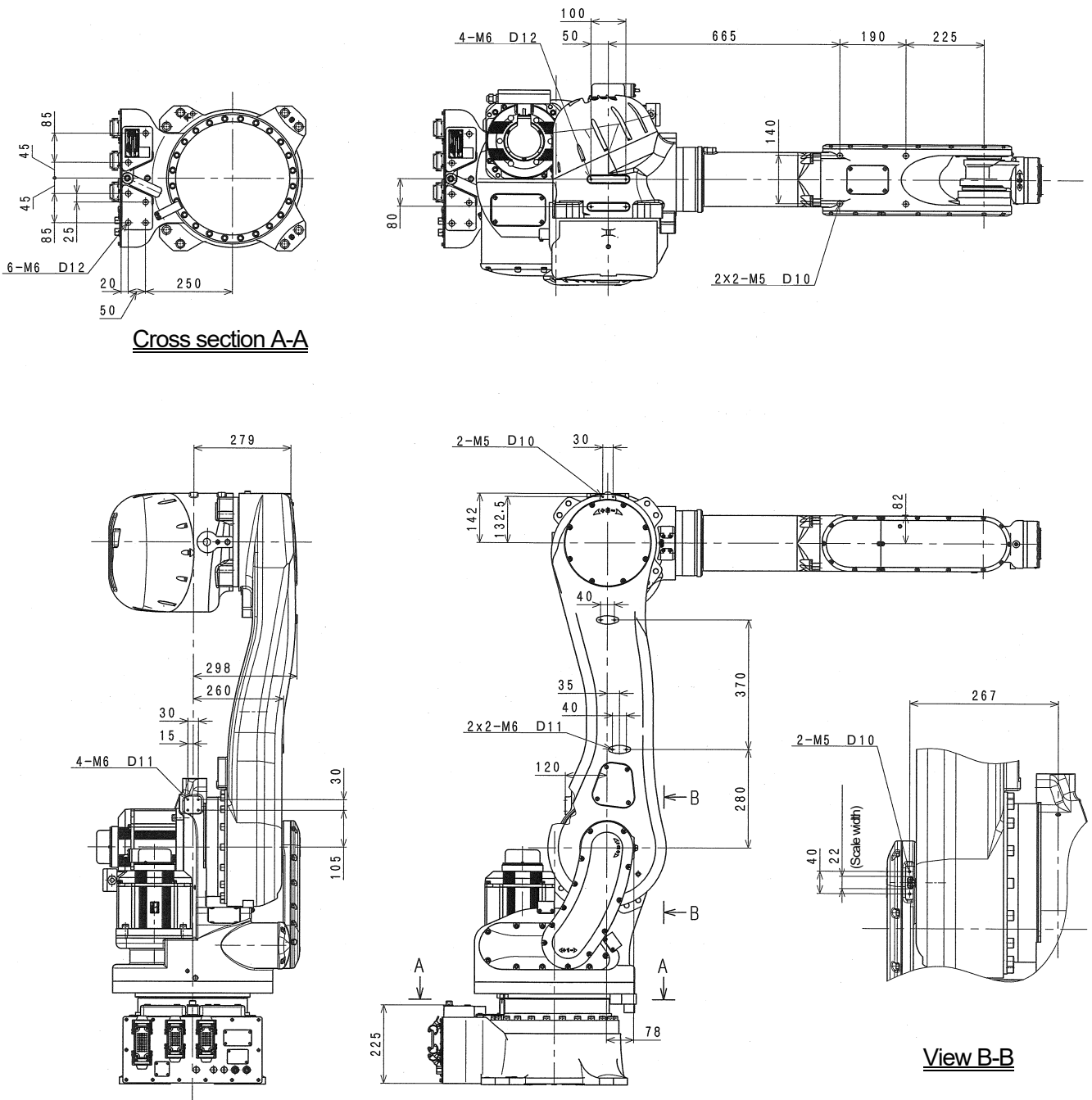
View B-B

Service tapped holes shown in the figure below are available to mount wiring brackets and external equipment on each part of robot arm.

**⚠ CAUTION**

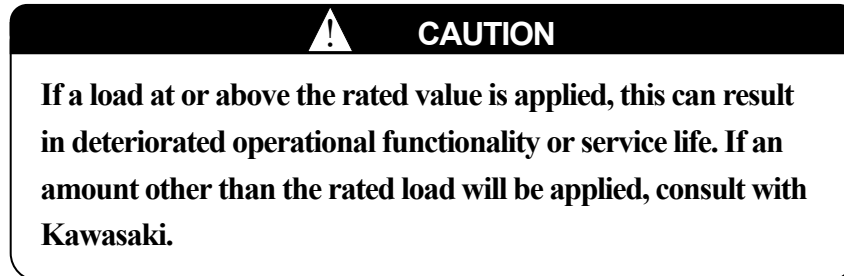
**Check the robot movement very carefully and confirm that mounted brackets and external equipment do not interfere with peripheral equipment and robot arm itself.**

**RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N**



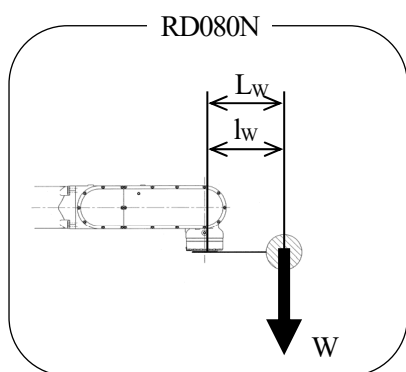
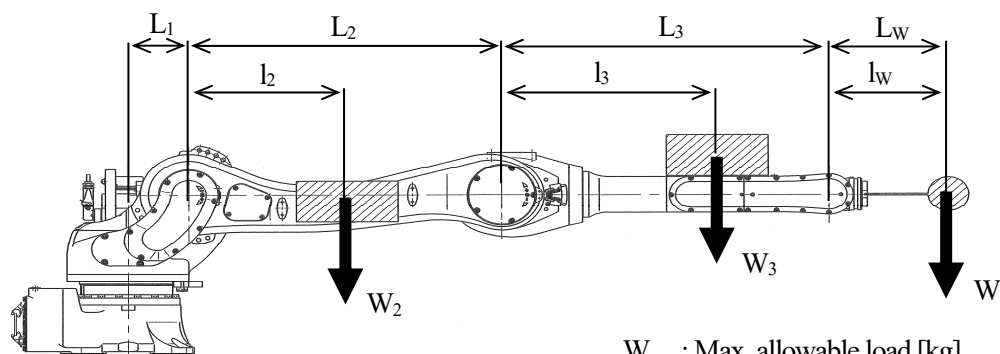
## 9.2 Calculation of Load Caused by External Equipment

The load capacity is set for each arm model. Strictly observe the following restrictions of the load torque and load moment of inertia on arm.



For JT2 and JT3, limit the total load torque on wrist end and arm not to exceed the maximum allowable load torque. The load torque and the moment of inertia can be calculated by the expression on next page.

Calculation Formula



- $W_{max}$  : Max. allowable load [kg]
- $W$  : Load on wrist end [kg]
- $W_2$  : Total load on lower arm [kg]
- $W_3$  : Total load on upper arm [kg]
- $l_w$  : Position of the center of the gravity for load on wrist section [mm]
- $l_2$  : Position of the center of the gravity for total load on lower arm [mm]
- $l_3$  : Position of the center of the gravity for total load on upper arm [mm]

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{ JT3: } W(L_3+l_w)+W_3 \cdot l_3 \leq W_{max}(L_3+L_w) \\ \bullet \text{ JT2: } W(L_2+L_3+l_w)+W_3(L_2+l_3)+W_2 \cdot l_2 \leq W_{max}(L_2+L_3+L_w) \end{array} \right.$$

Use data in the table below for calculation.

	$L_1$ [mm]	$L_2$ [mm]	$L_3$ [mm]	$L_w$ [mm]	$W_{max}$ [kg]
RS005N	105	280	310	251	5
RS005L, RA005L, RC005L	105	380	410	251	5
RS006L, RA006L	100	650	900	221	6
RS010N, RA010N	100	650	700	224	10
RS010L, RA010L	150	770	1,005	224	10
RS015X	150	1,150	1,850	230	15
RS020N, RA020N	150	770	805	230	20
RS030N	150	870	1,080	714	30
RS050N	150	870	1,080	428	50
RS080N	150	870	1,080	428	80
RD080N	150	870	1,080	220	80

However, do not exceed values below for  $W_2$  and  $W_3$ .

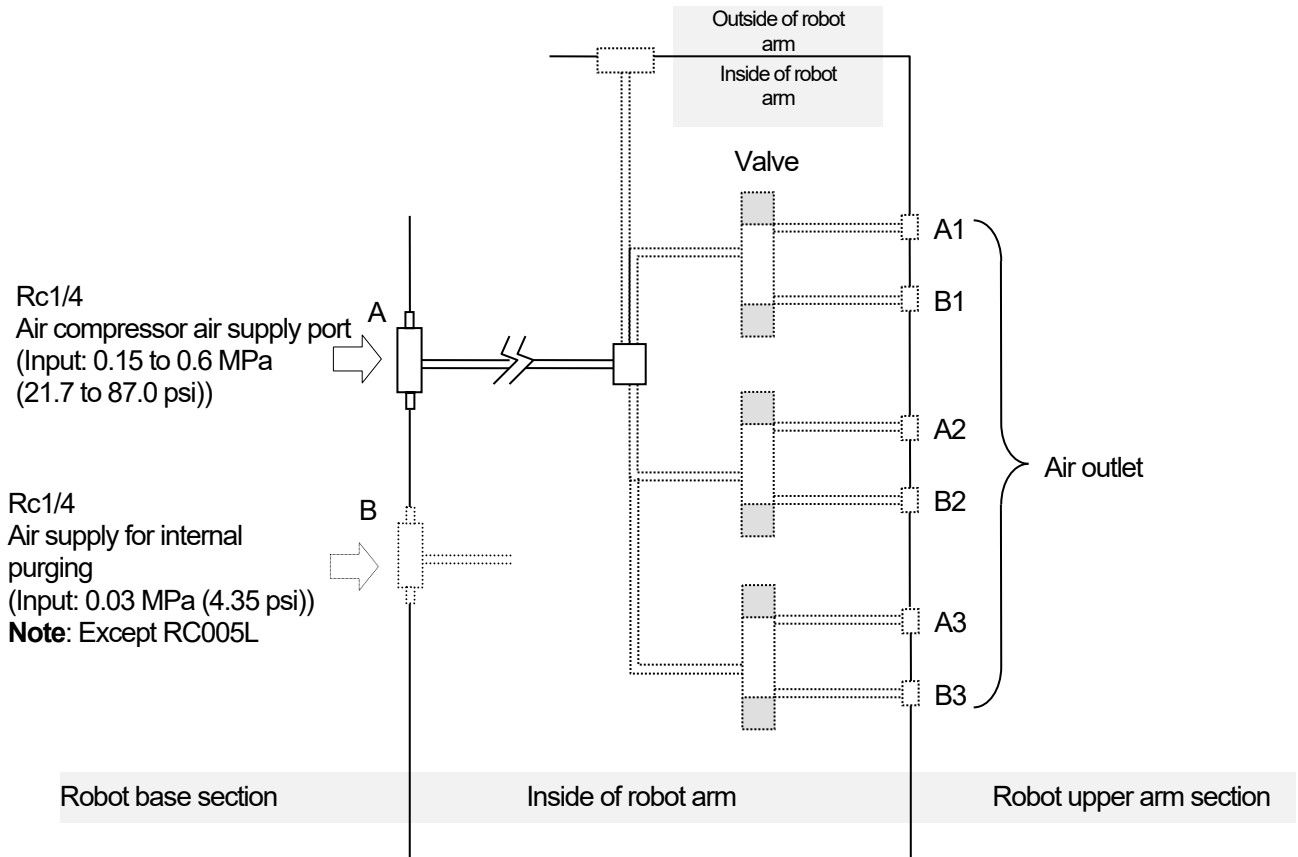
$$W_3 < \frac{W_{max}(L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_w)}{L_1 + L_2} \quad W_2 < \frac{W_{max}(L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_w)}{L_1}$$

## 10 Connection of Air System

### 10.1 Air Piping

R series robot houses air piping and valves for driving the tool on the robot arm. The valves can be turned ON/OFF by the Teach Pendant without using an interlock panel.

#### RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L



Note Optional equipment is shown by the dotted line (.....).

The built-in valves are specified as follows:

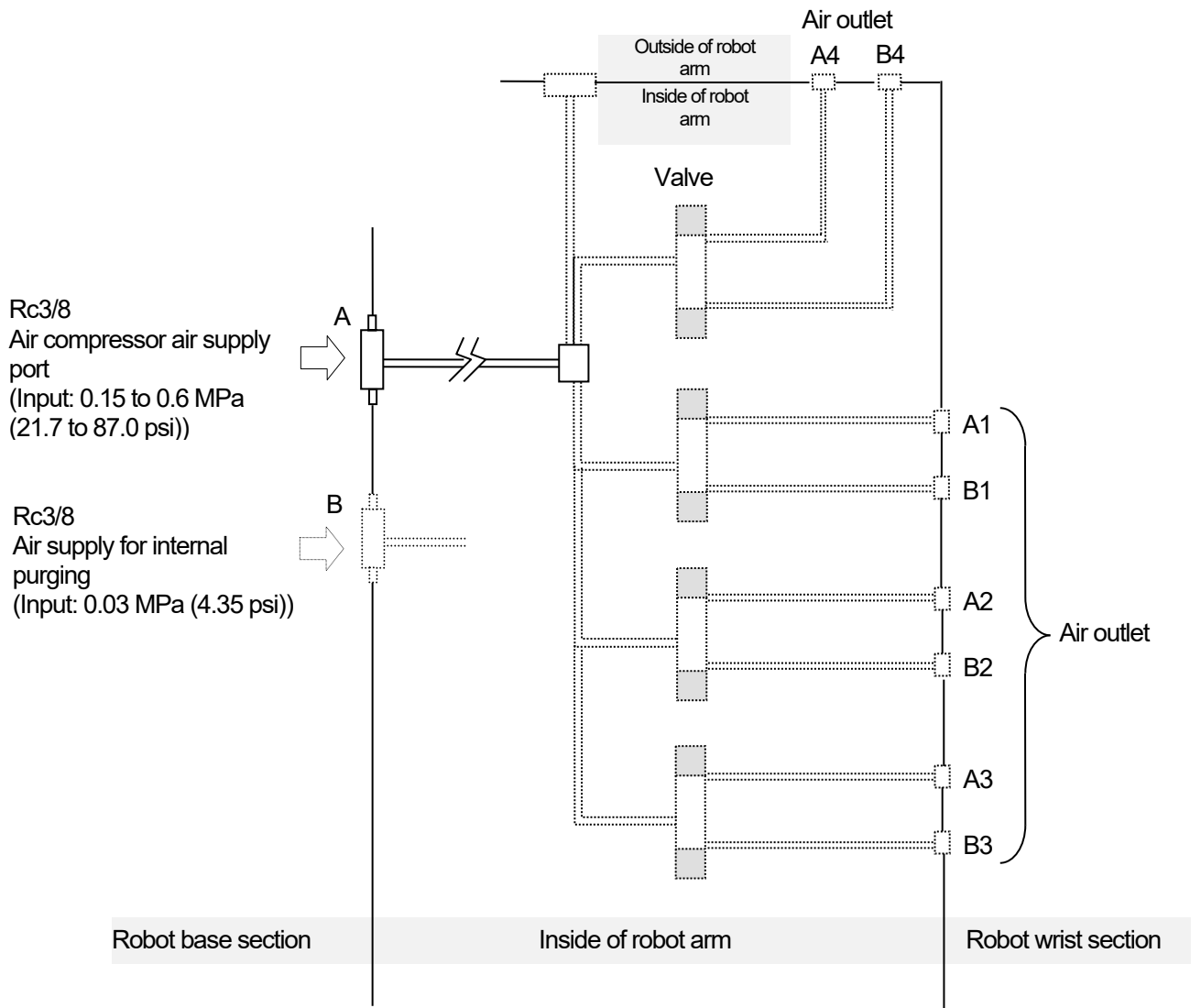
Standard	No built-in valves	
Option	Double solenoid/Single solenoid valves	3 units max.

Note Valve specification: CV value is 0.2 and the number of switching positions is 2.

#### [NOTE]

Valves that do not meet the above specifications cannot be mounted in the arm. Please contact Kawasaki for information on air system specifications if such valves are used.

**RS006L, RS010N**



**Note** Optional equipment is shown by the dotted line (.....).

The built-in valves are specified as follows:

Standard	No built-in valves	
Option	Double solenoid/Single solenoid valves	4 units max.

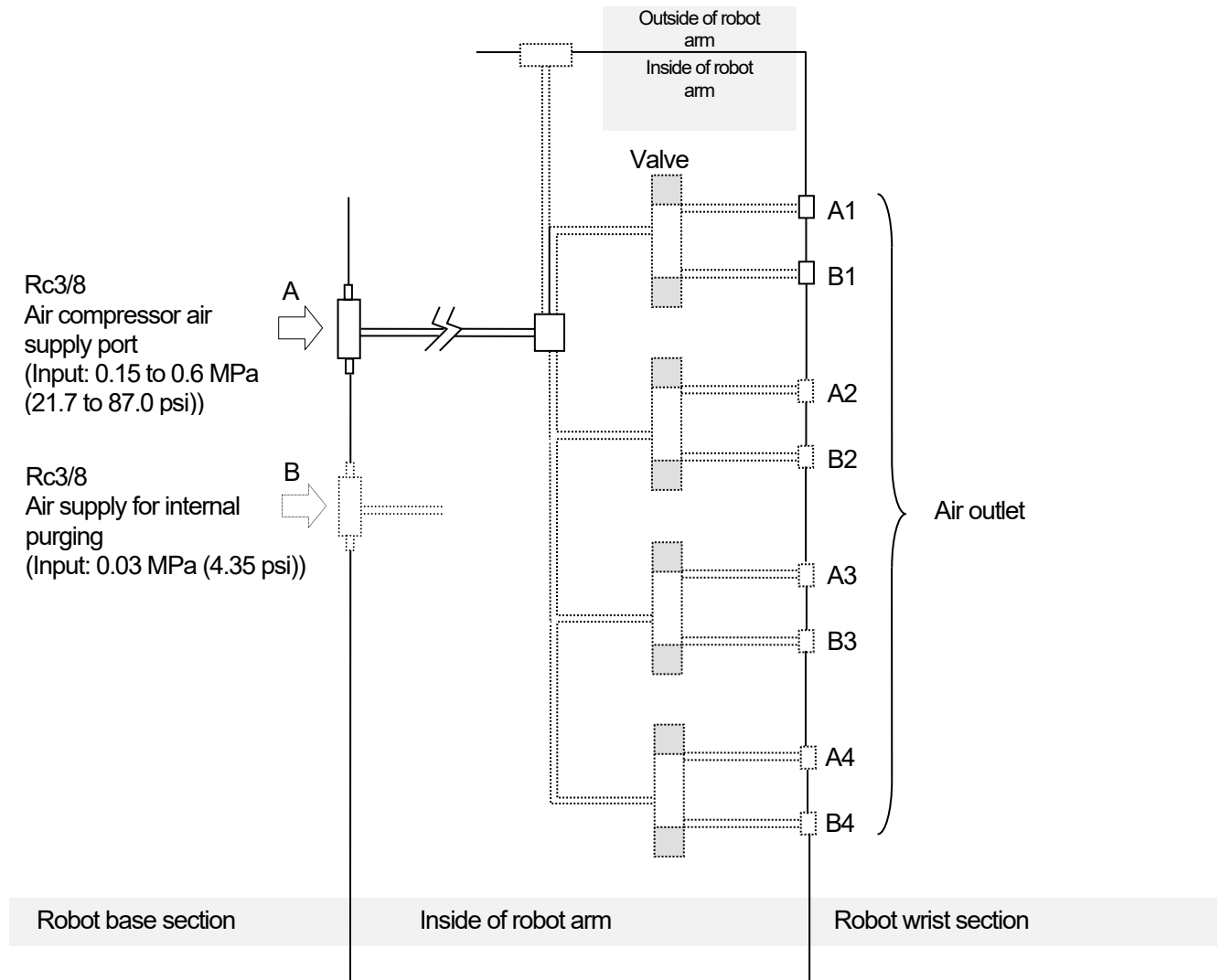
**Note** Valve specification: CV value is 0.2 and the number of switching positions is 2.

**[NOTE]**

Valves that do not meet the above specifications cannot be mounted in the arm. Please contact Kawasaki for information on air system specifications if such valves are used.



**RS010L, RS015X, RS020N, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N**



**Note** Optional equipment is shown by the dotted line (.....).

The built-in valves are specified as follows:

Standard	No built-in valves	
Option	Double solenoid/Single solenoid valves	4 units max.

**Note** Valve specification

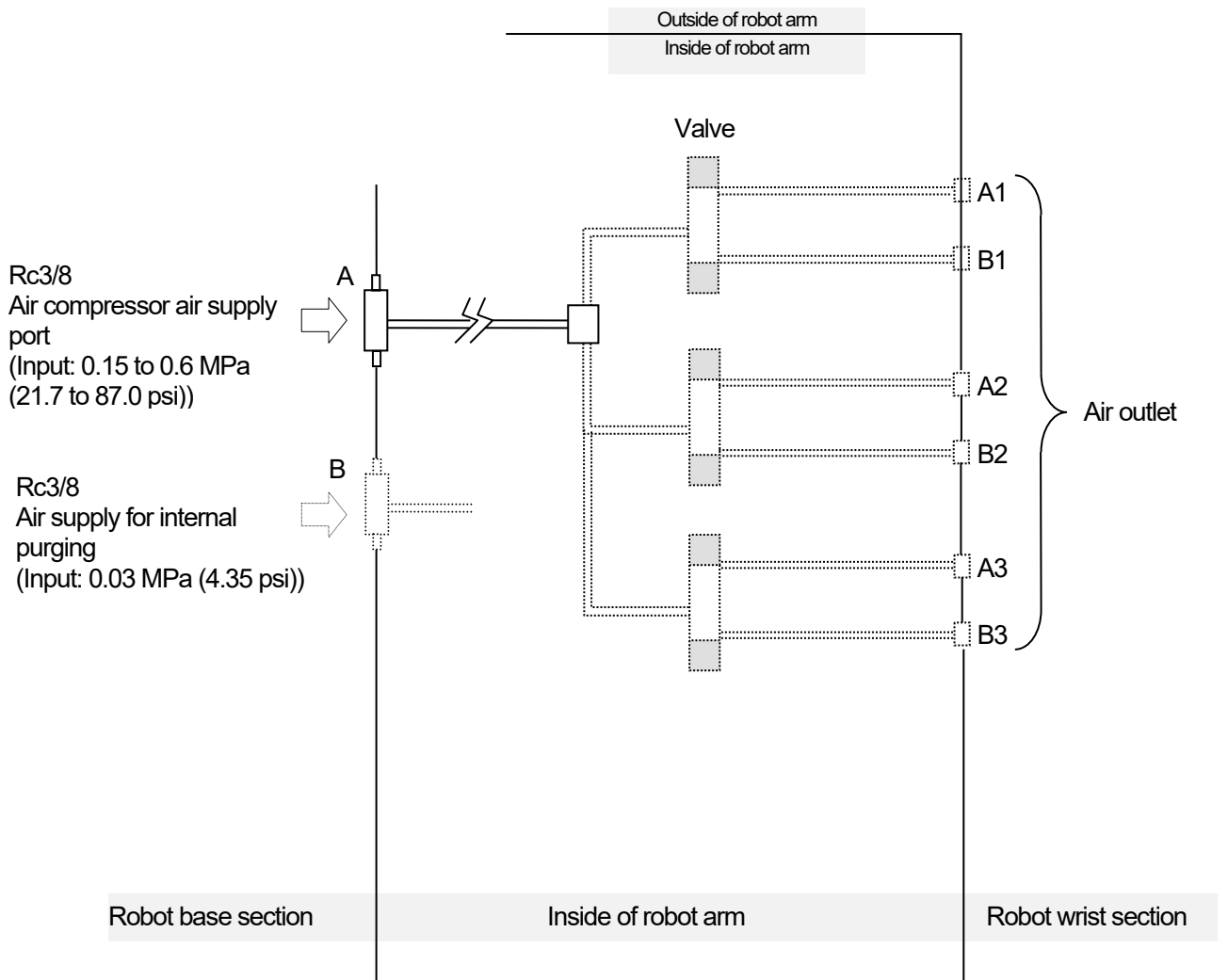
For RS010L, RS020N: CV value is 0.2 and the number of switching positions is 2.

For the other models: CV value is 0.6 and the number of switching positions is 2.

**[NOTE]**

Valves that do not meet the above specifications cannot be mounted in the arm. Please contact Kawasaki for information on air system specifications if such valves are used.

**RA006L, RA010N**



**Note** Optional equipment is shown by the dotted line (.....).

The built-in valves are specified as follows:

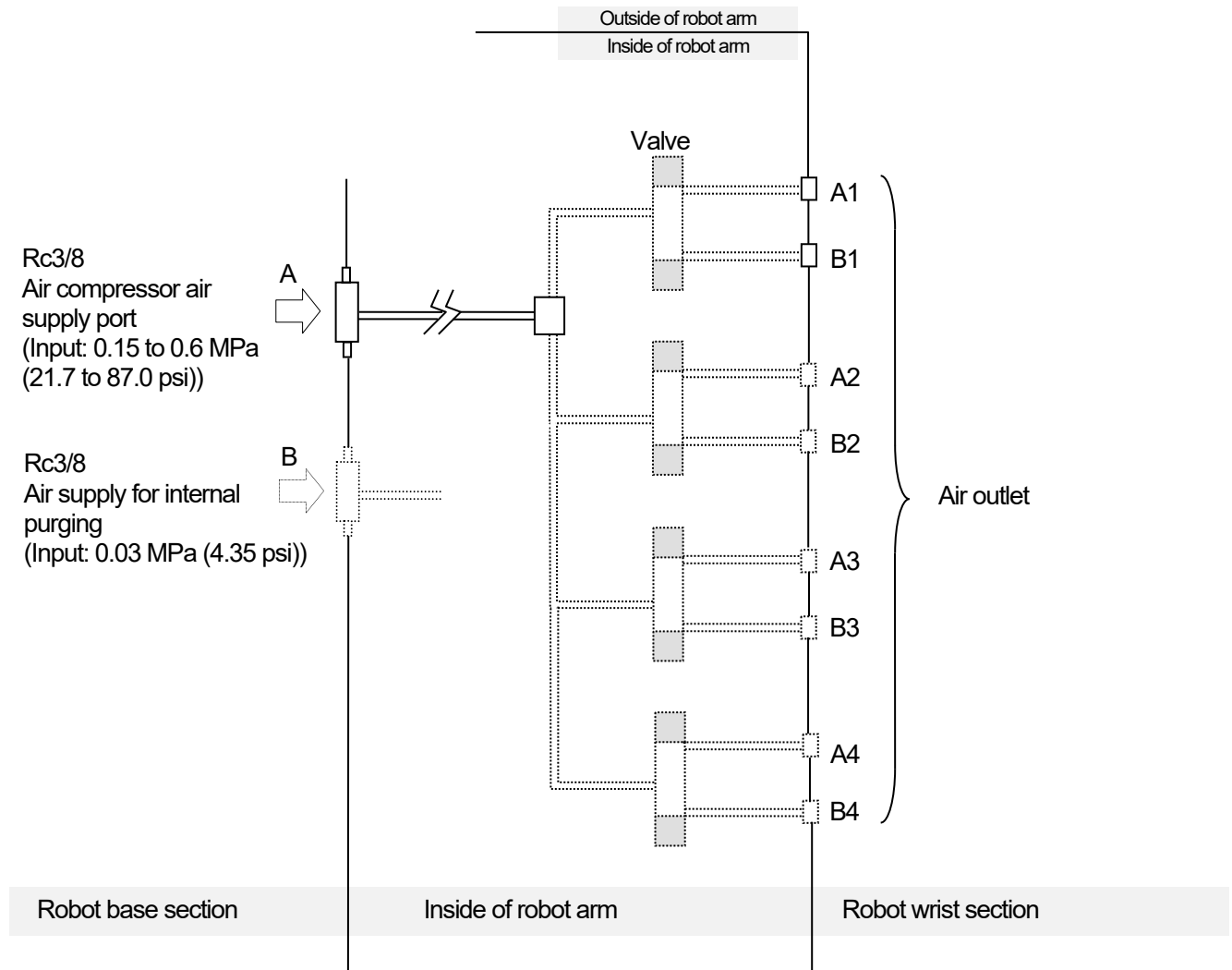
Standard	No built-in valves	
Option	Double solenoid/Single solenoid valves	3 units max.

**Note** Valve specification: CV value is 0.2 and the number of switching positions is 2.

**[NOTE]**

Valves that do not meet the above specifications cannot be mounted in the arm. Please contact Kawasaki for information on air system specifications if such valves are used.

**RA010L, RA020N**



**Note** Optional equipment is shown by the dotted line (.....).

The built-in valves are specified as follows:

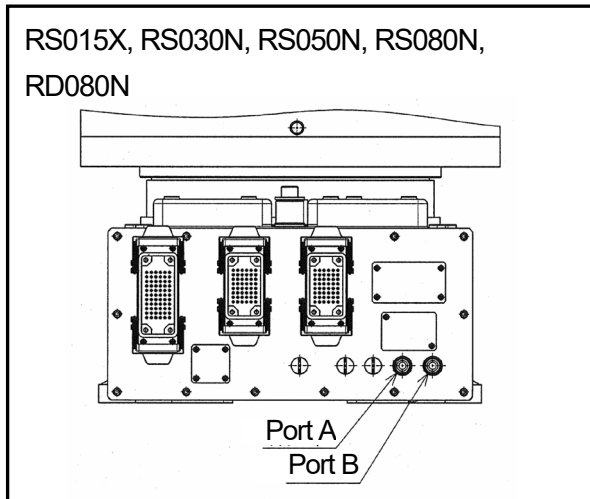
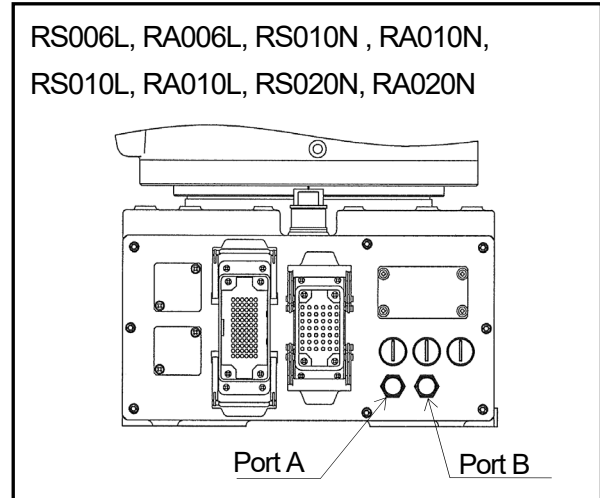
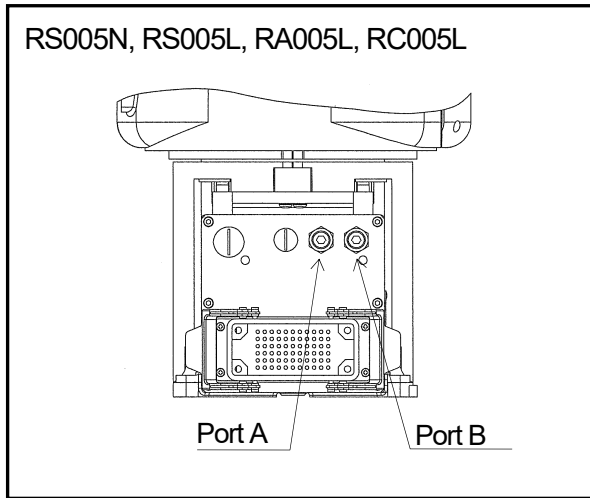
Standard	No built-in valves	
Option	Double solenoid/Single solenoid valves	4 units max.

**Note** Valve specification: CV value is 0.2 and the number of switching positions is 2.

**[NOTE]**

Valves that do not meet the above specifications cannot be mounted in the arm. Please contact Kawasaki for information on air system specifications if such valves are used.

## 10.2 Air Supply to the Robot Arm



As shown above, the air connection ports are provided in the base section of robot arm.



### CAUTION

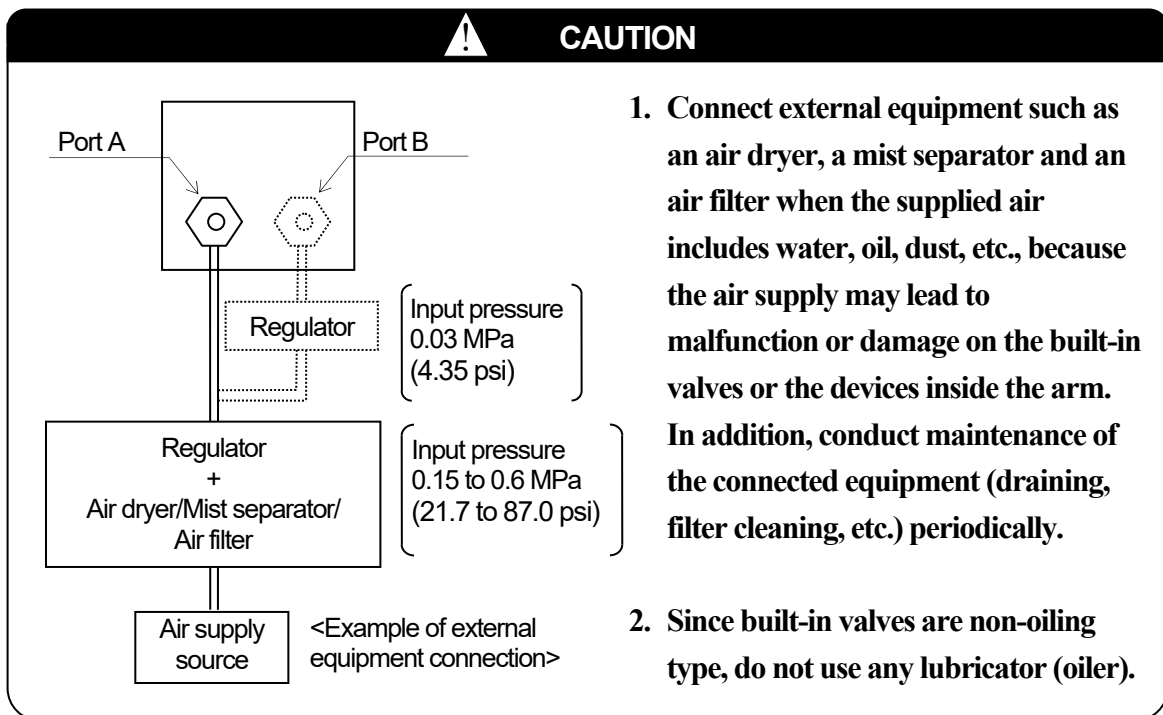
Supply clean dry air with input pressure of 0.15 to 0.6 MPa (21.7 to 87.0 psi) to the Port A (Rc1/4 for RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L, and Rc3/8 for the others).

For the air purge specification (except RC005L), Port B is provided with air inlet (Rc1/4 for RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, and Rc3/8 for the others) in the same way as Port A.



### CAUTION

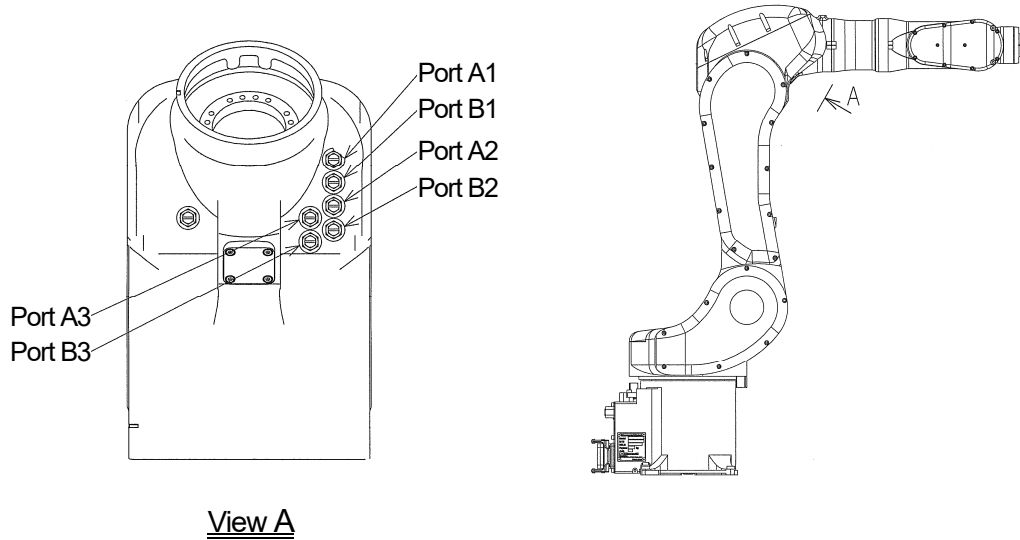
For air purge specification, supply clean dry air with input pressure of 0.03 MPa (4.35 psi).



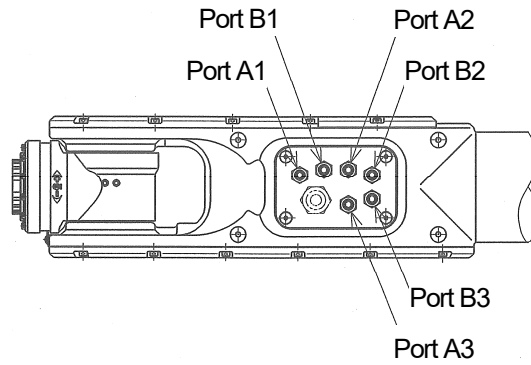
### 10.3 Tubing from Air Outlet to Hand

As shown in the figure below, air outlet ports are provided (optional). The outlet ports are M5 for RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L, and Rc1/8 for the others.

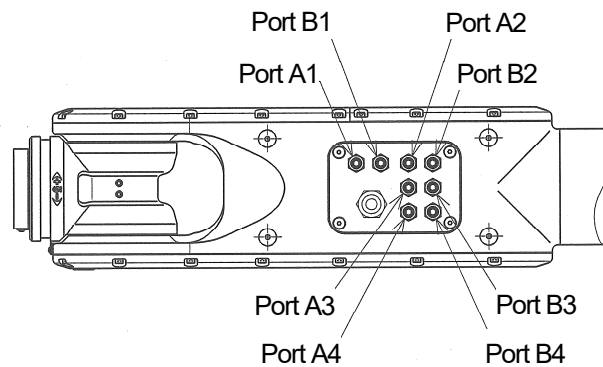
RS005N, RS005L, RA005L, RC005L



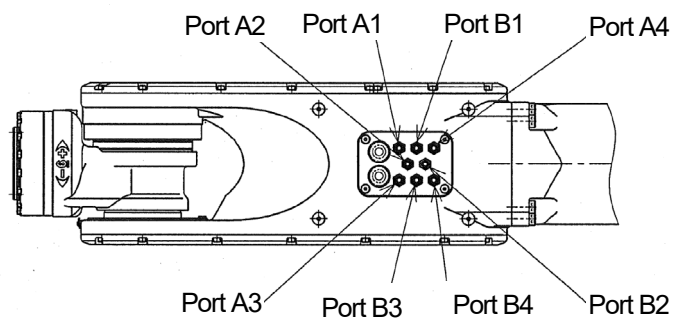
RS006L, RA006L, RS010N, RA010N



RS010L, RA010L, RS020N, RA020N



RS015X, RS030N, RS050N, RS080N, RD080N



**CAUTION**

**When tubing, ensure that the air outlet ports are not turned.  
If the outlet ports turn, the internal tube may bend or break  
causing air supply stop at worst.**

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Installation and Connection Manual

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